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EGGS—$1.00 per Setting.

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$5.00 Per Ton Delivered.
H. A. DAY.
Day's Coal is the Best

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Second-hand Ford to sell or trade.
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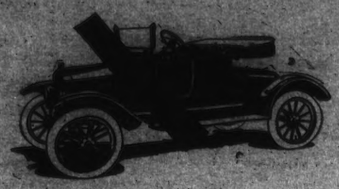
VOL. XI. CHARLES B. HALPIN, Editor and Manager. Publisher. LACOMBE, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH, 28, 1917. ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR



The City of Vancouver decided to use **Ford Cars** only for city business, and gave orders that all other cars owned by the city be got rid of, either by sale or the scrap pile.

The new Provincial Police Force are being equipped with **Ford Cars**.

These are only two examples of dozens that could be cited to show that the large corporations have proved that the **Ford** is the best value to be had in motor cars.

"There's a Reason"

Morrison & Johnston, Limited
Sole Dealers for Lacombe District

The Merchants Bank of Canada

CONSERVE THE LIVE STOCK OF OUR DISTRICT
FINISH THE FEEDERS IN LACOMBE
KEEP THE HEIFERS AT HOME

Total Assets One Hundred Millions

An Office of the Bank is Also Established at Rimbey

Can he Beat it?

He Cant-Can You?

WHAT?—Why the Price, Grade and Service we offer. If you can we want to know about it.

We do not deal in Lumber alone—We deal in Service and confidence. Confident we will please you.

ATLAS LUMBER CO., LIMITED
O. W. THORNE, Local Manager

KODAKS

You will find the purchase of a camera one of the best investments you ever made. It will yield pleasure now, and for years to come.

A novice can take good pictures with an Eastman Kodak, and have as much fun with it as a professional. Start now and you'll be ready when the attractive out-of-door season arrives.

Prices from $1.00 up

We also handle everything in photo supplies, and do developing and finishing for amateurs.

The McDermid Drug Co., Ltd.
D. A. Lothian, - - Manager

THE LEADING HARNESS SHOP

One of the Largest and Best Stocks of Harness, Harness Parts, and Saddles, in Alberta.
Prices Right—Call and Inspect Before Buying.

Stock Food, Tonics, Louse Killer, Chicken Spice, in all reliable makes.

P.S.—Bring your Harness in and have it repaired and oiled before the rush.

W. L. ELLIOTT
Nanton Street Lacombe

McLEOD'S

Only Nine Days to Do Your Easter Shopping—Early Selections are Desirable
—WE OFFER THE BEST STORE SERVICE AND STERLING VALUES—

Magnificent Display of Womens New Spring Coats and Suits—Garments that Present the Season's Smartest Styles.

This illustration is an exact copy of one of our many Good Style Suits, it is splendidly tailored in fine quality all Wool Serge, the color is Russian Green trimmed with black silk braid, the Coat is lined with high grade Satin, only one of this style. size 36, the price is... ... ...**$40.00**

$15.00 For a Navy Wool Serge Suit is we believe a value hard to equal. This suit coat is lined with grey silk, is finished with deep collar and side straps. The skirt is the plain tailored style.

ENTICING SPRING MILLINERY

Your Spring Hat is the one part of your Costume about which to be most particular.

In our Millinery rooms the utmost assistance is given our customers to select hats that are becoming. Easter with its demand for a New Hat is fast drawing nigh. If you buy yours from us you may know the style is right.

Easter Sale of Embroidered Linen—Half Price
These lovely snow-white Linens came to us direct from Ireland. We find our stock entirely too large, and have taken this means of reducing it. Pillow Shams, Pillow Slips, Tea Cloths, Runners, Doylies, Centres and Bed Spreads—Your Choice at Half Price.

Easter Lilies in Bloom
Hyacinths, Tulips and Ferns
Leave your order, or better still select the plants you prefer, a splendid assortment at very moderate prices during Easter Week.

MEN'S NEW SPRING CLOTHES

This Store is well supplied with Men's Wearing Apparel, the truth is we were never so well equipped to supply your Easter wants. A late shipment, and one worthy of especial mention is a Suit of Rich Brown Worsted in just the correct weight for Spring and Summer. Coat is three button style, an easy fitting model well tailored, at the very moderate price of... ... ...**$20.00**

Never have we offered such a Splendid Stock of Women's Foot Wear, and at prices much less than present values. Cheap shoes are worthless and do not find a place in our stock. Good shoes at Fair Prices is our aim.

Men's Easter Ties the latest fancy is for Paisley Silk Ties, and we have some of the Smartest Patterns just in.
Men's Felt Hats many New Shapes, as well as the staple sorts. You will find your particular styles here

GROCERIES
Finest quality Oranges "Sunkist", sweet and juicy, doz. 25c.
Extra large sizes per doz. ..... 50c. and 60c.
Home Preserved Fruit in 2 quart sealers—Plum, Apple and Rhubarb, at Bargain prices ..... 60c. and 75c.
Crawford Peaches, 2lbs. 15c. | Clover Honey in comb 30c.
Cabbage 3 lbs. 25c. | Onions 6 lbs. 25c.

An Express Shipment of the Very Latest Styles in Separate Skirts.—Specially selected for Easter business. These skirts deserve your attention.

MURAD CIGARETTES
Everywhere Why?
The blending is exceptional
S. Anargyros

STAMMERING
or stuttering overcome positively. Our natural methods permanently restore natural speech. Graduate pupils everywhere. Free advice and literature.
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118 West 31st Street, New York

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A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address THE COOK MEDICINE CO. Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor.)

BLACK LEG LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by CUTTER'S BLACKLEG PILLS
Low-priced, fresh, reliable; preferred by western stockmen, because they protect where other vaccines fail.
Write for booklet and testimonials.
10-dose pkg. Blackleg Pills, $1.00
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Use any injector, but Cutter's simplest and strongest. The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 15 years of specializing in VACCINES AND SERUMS ONLY. INSIST ON CUTTER'S. If unobtainable, order direct.
The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, California

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1 No2 No3
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR & VIM, KIDNEY, BLADDER, DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER NO. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS. FOUGERA Co. 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORM OF THERAPION EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE.
SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the
Otto Higel Piano Action

Pure Blood
You can keep your blood in good condition—have a clear skin, and bright eyes, by taking
BEECHAM'S PILLS
Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

Improved Conditions Manifest In Russia

Peasants are Saving Money and Rising in the World

It is beyond question that the Russian peasant, who constitutes 80 per cent. of the population of Russia, has now in his hands an unprecedented amount of money, the result of more employment, much higher wages than were ever before paid, and a new habit of saving forced upon him by the cutting off of his former expenditures of vodka, and by a shortage in the supply of things he wants for his farming and household operations.

He is waiting for a chance to spend his savings for what he really wants, says a writer in "Russia." Those savings aggregate hundreds of millions of dollars. Buying farm machinery is said to be the one great outlet for them. The writer continues.

"It should be considered that when a man has accumulated an unexpectedly large amount of money he is pretty certain to spend a large portion of it for things he has long wanted, but has been unable to get. The desires of the Russian peasant, taking him en masse, are mainly restricted to his farm and to his home manufacturers, if he carries on any such. A better house, and, especially, better furniture, appeal to him; but like the farmer everywhere else in the world, his first interest is to get more money out of his land.

"The importance of machinery in helping him to this result has been strongly brought home to him by a variety of agencies, not the least effective of these being the increased profits of such of his neighbors as have taken themselves out of the communal system of land holding and cultivation and have contrived to secure modern agricultural machinery. An example of the peasant's appreciation of modern equipment is provided by the agricultural "artels," or unions, which have multiplied in consequence of the farm labor shortage due to the recruiting of the armies. These artels have largely resorted to the use of modern machinery, purchased usually by a group of peasant farmers, who often rent the services of themselves and their machines to other farmers not members of the artel.

"That this expectation of peasant expenditures for farm machines that will be very large in the aggregate is well founded seems hardly open to contradiction."

It has been found necessary to open in Russia, as rapidly as possible, some 5,000 new branches of the State Savings Bank. Also, parish banks, to be opened to the number of about 2,000, represent a new and simple type of savings agency, for which arrangements have been agreed upon between the ministry of finance and the holy synod. The archpriests of the churches will superintend the operations of these latter banks, which will receive and pay out deposits, but will not undertake any other banking operations.

What will be a great innovation in banking so far as the bulk of the Russian population is concerned is the proposed introduction by the State Savings Bank of payments by check. This device, so familiar to us, is still strange to most of Russia. There is no doubt that its wide introduction and use in that country will do much to modernize and facilitate the conduct of business in its vast interior.

It is proposed also, to introduce in Russia what is known as the money-box system of savings, on the model of foreign institutions, particularly of the British government savings banks. In issuing these saving boxes to houses, the plan is to charge a security of $1.54 (3 rubles), which will be credited as a deposit. The carrying out of this plan has been deferred thus far by lack of money-boxes.

Canada's "Noble Men"

In Japan they have a special clan of fighting men who are known as the Samurai, and whose whole life is devoted to the precept and practice of patriotism. Canada's noble men are more than that. When the war broke out they were engaged in every kind of profession, business and trade. Some were rich beyond the dream of avarice, to use a commonplace illustration. Others were working out their destiny on a quiet level of prosperity. Others again were down and out, adrift in the lowest depths of adversity.—Montreal News.

Waste Places of the Earth

The organized movement for the profitable utilization of vacant suburban lands should have every encouragement. Waste lands really belong to the public. The earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof. Ground hogs who will not use land themselves and will not allow other people to use it have no rights in the land that need be respected. We go to church and pray: "That it may please Thee to give and preserve to our use the kindly fruits of the earth, so as in due time we may enjoy them"; and then we allow the ground hog to prevent his suburban lot bringing forth anything but weeds!—Montreal Herald.

Taffy for the Kaiser

An address presented to the Kaiser on his birthday by representatives of Germanic municipalities begins: "Most Serene, most Mighty, most Potent Emperor and King, most Gracious Emperor, King, and Lord, your Imperial and Royal Majesty."

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Book "Patent Protection" Free
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Branches: Ottawa and Washington

New Zealand's Army

Has Sent Seventy Thousand Men Overseas

New Zealand, the smallest of the overseas dominions, with a population of a million, has, according to W. A. Beddoe, Canadian trade commissioner at Auckland, sent 70,000 men overseas. A monthly quota of 2,400 men is now being raised as reinforcements by a ballot system. New Zealand expects to be able to continue to supply reinforcements at this rate for some time to come, although the problem of not unduly depleting the man-power of the country is becoming serious.

PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS MEAN BAD BLOOD.

People who have impure or impoverished blood should be careful to take only a vegetable remedy such as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is and has been for over 40 years.

The first day you start to take this reliable medicine, impure germs and accumulations begin to separate in the blood and are then expelled through the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

In place of the impurities, the arteries and veins gradually get fresh vitalized blood and the action of this good blood on the skin means that pimples, boils, carbuncles, eczema, rash, acne and all skin blemishes will disappear. Then you must remember that when the blood is right, the liver, stomach, bowels and kidneys become healthy, active and vigorous and you will have no more trouble with indigestion, backache, headache and constipation.

Get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to-day at any medicine dealers; it is a powerful blood purifier, so penetrating that it even gets at the impure deposits in the joints and carries them out of the system.

Contains neither alcohol nor narcotics. Its ingredients are made public and printed on wrapper.

Depend upon this grand remedy to give you the kind of blood that makes the skin clear, the mind alert, the vision keener and puts ambition and energy into the entire body. You will not be disappointed. For free advice write Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHAT ONTARIO FOLKS SAY.

St. Thomas, Ont.—"My husband and myself have used 'Golden Medical Discovery' for liver and kidney troubles, also for bad blood, and we found it good. I am glad of the opportunity of giving testimony in behalf of Dr. Pierce's remedies."—MRS. GEORGE BURDETT, 28 Chester St., St. Thomas, Ont.

When the Seas Were Free

The seas were free enough before 1914. During upward of a century Britannia ruled the waves, but she also charted and policed them, and the benefits of her trusteeship were shared by all nations. A sea power has always been an enlightened power; its selfishness has been an enlightened selfishness. It is not the fault of Britain that the seas are no longer free.—Chicago Tribune.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Preparing for Eventualities

From a Statement by Capt. Bathurst Parliamentary Secretary to the British Ministry of Food

Another question was whether it was advisable to use milk in producing butter. His answer was that if surplus milk were available it was of far more value to the nation converted into cheese than converted into butter. If meat ran short, cheese was the most valuable substitute the British farmer could possibly produce. He had also been asked whether it was desirable to limit the use of starch. It people chose to wear soft collars and soft shirtfronts they would be taking a patriotic course (laughter); but in all these matters they must have some sense of proportion. We had not reached a stage when we could reasonably ask people to forego the use of stiff white collars.

City Ways for Country Stores

Country Merchant Can Utilize City Store Methods to Good Advantage

A department store draws a fine trade from the surrounding farming sections because the proprietor pays as much attention to keeping country customers informed about what is going on in the store as he does to keeping city shoppers posted.

This merchant values his country patronage. He considers it worth a good deal of effort, and says it is a mistake to think that country customers are either small buyers or bargain hunters of cheap goods. Many of them still cling to the end-of-the-week buying habit, which he caters to. They also have a keen eye for such legitimate bargains as occur in every store through stock moving. Again, they are attracted even more by the regular arrival of new merchandise in his different departments and the store appeals to them most of all as a place where something is always happening in merchandise.

Much has been said about the handicaps suffered by country stores in competition with city stores and mail order houses. Probably the chief difficulty is that customers of the average country store have never been taught to watch it as a place where something interesting in merchandise may happen at almost any time. The country merchant gets in goods from week to week. But his customers usually have to discover for themselves what is new in ribbons, shoes, crockery or breakfast foods, because he does not advertise novelties, or even display them.

From time to time the country merchant could gather up dead ends of merchandise and close them out at cut prices, turning them into money and fresh stock. The city stores all do that. But such sales are rare in country stores.

In meeting competition the country merchant has attached too much importance to the fancied attractions of cheapness. Here is a skillful city merchant who assures him that cheapness is not the best appeal to country customers.

City stores use merchandise as an attraction—as news. They draw customers because everybody is interested in seeing what is new, novel and pretty, and such displays educate people in personal appearance and comfort.

The country merchant cannot compete in size and range of stock. But what he has he can show to better advantage, and he can teach customers that on one day of the week, at least, if they visit his store, they will find new goods worth seeing, placed where they can be seen, as well as find old goods at money-saving prices. On a small scale almost every country store can utilize these city store methods. It is common mercantile experience that they pay wherever used intelligently.—The Commercial.

Protected by the Allies

Fortunately for her, when war broke out England rose to meet the crisis. Behind the backs of her Allies and in the shelter of her fleet she organized for war with a skill and capacity never before equalled by a nation trying to prepare for war after war came. Let us hope that in the shelter of the French and Russian bayonets and the British battleships our nation will rise to the crisis, cast aside the pettiness of self-seekers and the more dangerous energy of the sentimental defectives, and equal the accomplishment of England.—Chicago Tribune.

Externally or Internally, It Is Good.—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissues as few liniments do, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will cure affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

The Whole Wheat Flour in Britain

England also, like Germany, has a war bread, but she calls it standard or regulation bread, and it is made of what is known as straight-run flour in which part of what has heretofore been known as offals is used. It is provided also that not more than 76 per cent. of the whole wheat is to be used, which makes it different from our American whole wheat bread. The millers are also trying to agree upon a name for the new flour and among the names suggested or used by some are "Early Victorian," "Seventy-five," "Abundance," and "Waterloo." The latter name would make a parallel to France's "Bread of Victory." In both cases the new bread is preferable to the old in its dietetic values.—New York World.

We have been using Minard's Liniment in our home for a number of years and use no other Liniment but Minard's, and we can recommend it highly for sprains, bruises, pains or tightness of the chest, soreness of the throat, headache or anything of that sort. We will not be without it one single day, for we get a new bottle before the other is all used. I can recommend it highly to any one.
JOHN WAKEFIELD.
LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N.

Beauty Before Ability

Too Much Attention to Teachers' Looks, Says Chicago Woman

Jacob M. Loeb, president of the Chicago Board of Education, declared that he was aware of the fact, as had been charged, that male high school principals paid considerable attention to the faces and forms of prospective women teachers. And in justification he pleaded that the principals "were only human."

Mrs. George P. Vosbrink, a board member, had charged that principals paid less attention to mental qualifications of teachers they recommended for employment than they did to charm of face of figure.

"You would think they were filling up a musical comedy chorus instead of seeking fit guides for children," protested Mrs. Vosbrink.

Alphonse—Where is ze maid?

Jean—Ze maid is arranging se hair for madame.

Alphonse—Oui! And madame, is she with her?

Daylight Saving

To Be Successful It Must Prevail Over Whole of Canada

If the United States Congress adopts a daylight saving measure, as now seems likely, Canada will be practically compelled to follow the same course, for our connections with our cousins across the border are now so intimate as to make it very desirable that we should have the same working hours. The measure proposes to make it arbitrary to set the clock ahead one hour over the entire country during the months of long daylight. This has proved of inestimable benefit in Europe, and it would be equally beneficial on this continent. In some parts of Canada daylight saving has been tried and has proved more or less of a failure. This, however, has been because the movement in each instance was a purely local one, adopted by municipalities. To be successful, such a measure must prevail over the whole of Canada, and if we can work with Uncle Sam, as it now seems there will be an opportunity of doing, so much the better.—Montreal Herald.

ST. VITUS DANCE AFFECTS MANY CHILDREN

This Trouble Can be Cured Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

St. Vitus Dance is much more common than is generally imagined. The trouble is often mistaken for mere nervousness, or awkwardness. It usually attacks young children, most often between the ages of six and fourteen—though older persons may be affected with it. The most common symptom is twitching of the muscles of the face and limbs. As the disease progresses this twitching takes the form of spasms in which the jerking motion may be confined to the head, or all the limbs may be affected. The patient is frequently unable to hold anything in the hands or walk steadily, and in severe cases the speech may be affected. The disease is due to impoverished nerves, owing to the blood being out of condition and can be cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which enrich the blood, strengthen the nerves, and in this way restore the sufferer to good health. Any symptom of nerve trouble in young children should be promptly treated as it is almost sure to lead to St. Vitus Dance. The following is proof of the power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure this trouble. Miss Hattie Cummings, R. R. No. 3, Peterboro, Ont., says:—"I was attacked with what the doctor said was St. Vitus Dance. Both my hands trembled so as to practically useless. Then the trouble went to my left side, and from that to my right leg, and left me in such a condition that I was not able to go out of the house. I took the doctor's medicine without getting any benefit. Then I tried another remedy with the same poor results. At this stage I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and did so, with the result that they fully restored me to health, and I have not had the slightest symptom of nervous trouble since. I can recommend these pills to anyone who is suffering from nervous trouble, and hope they will profit by my experience."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any drug dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Australia's Part

Up to the end of last year eleven estates, totalling 163,379 acres, had been bought by the Federal Government for returned soldiers, at a cost of 746,053 pounds. The area includes 339 farms. Mr. Poynton, Federal Treasurer, speaking at Albury, West Australia, said he proposed to introduce in about a week's time a bill providing for the appropriation of ten millions sterling towards the re-establishment of returned soldiers in permanent and useful occupations.

Praises this Asthma Remedy.—A grateful user of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy finds it the only remedy that will give relief, though for thirteen years he had sought other help. Years of needless suffering may be prevented by using this wonderful remedy at the first warning of trouble. Its use is simple, its cost is slight and it can be purchased almost anywhere.

Soothing

If not pretty when you're young
This consolation hold—
That in some sixty years or so
You will be pretty old.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.

A gentleman dining at an hotel, where the servants were "few and far between," despatched a lad among them for a cut of beef.

After a long time the lad returned, and was asked by the faint and hungry gentleman:

"Are you the lad who took away my plate for some beef?"

"Yes, sir."

"Bless me," resumed the hungry wit, "how you have grown!"

Edith—Is it true that you have quarreled with Jack?

Ethel—I should say not! My birthday is next week.

For Distemper
PINK EYE, EPIZOOTIC, SHIPPING FEVER, and CATARRHAL FEVER
SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND
Sure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the blood and glands; expels poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings, and is a fine Kidney remedy. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures."
SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY
Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

With a Tank Crew

Tank Is Like a Giant Wedge in a Cut of Butter

Virtually all of the members of the British "tank" crews on the Somme front have been decorated with the military cross. And along with the report of the decorations comes the first narrative of the sensations of a man within the "tank" during an attack.

A French machine gunner who was in one of the "tanks" during their first use at the Somme writes in the magazine Lecture Pour Tous:

"It sounds like a myriad of hailstones beating against the window panes of a moving train, when in a 'tank' under infantry fire.

"We are in the front line with our 'tanks,' in little groups of crews. There are the crew of the Creme de Menthe, of the Diplodocus, and one ironically styled the Boches' Victory.

"Suddenly the glare of a rocket lights up the sky, followed by ten, twenty, thirty others. A sharp whistle sounds strangely in our prison. The hour has really come; we are to start. My heart is beating violently—I do not know why. One needs to have 'sea legs' in this carcass of steel. The motor system of our tank is gripping the soil, sticking to it, gliding and dragging itself along like a centipede. As we advance the earth everywhere around our track is plowed up and thrown aside. Heavens, how stifling it is!

"A heavy thud and then a flash over my head. Our tank is trembling from top to bottom, and has stopped for the eighth of a second. We have just fired. This perpetual rumbling over my head has a disturbing effect, the machine resounds, the air vibrates. Tock! Tock! Tock! Thousands of tock-tocks re-echo on the steel sides of our tank. The German guns have opened fire on us. But they have as much effect on our machine as pellets of bread against a wall.

"Splinters of wood jump up on all sides of us. I have the sensation of being in the interior of a gigantic iron wedge which is cutting through something like butter. We fire without ceasing, hand on gun and eye glued to the loophole pierced in the steel, with the sweat pouring down our foreheads.

"Another violent shock, a heavy blow and a crashing. We were going straight through a wall. We are pulverizing machine guns. Grenades burst upon our armor. We are in the midst of the 'nest.' All at once German heads with terror on their faces appear on both sides of us. Now it is my turn and that of my comrades. Our machine guns crackle.

"The Germans are in the greatest disorder. They throw themselves flat on their stomachs, they raise their arms to heaven, some of them try to run away. A whistle sounds in the tank and it stops. Then wild cheers come faintly to my ears. And I see our boys in possession of the German 'nest.'"

There is no poisonous ingredient in Holloway's Corn Cure, and it can be used without danger of injury.

The Outlaw's Reasoning

German ruthlessness at the opening of the war was due to the wantonness of power and arrogance. German ruthlessness today is born of despair. The good opinion of the civilized world has been forfeited and Germany, to use a homely saying, feels that it may as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb.—Toronto Star.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Good Old Times

In the Days When Luxuries Were Not and Temptations Were Few

Scarcity of potatoes makes us think of times long ago when the all-important tuber was known only to American Indians and wild swine or other wild animals that grubbed it up. Our Saxon ancestors got along without potatoes, corn, peaches, turkey, rice, bananas, oranges, lemons, sugar and tobacco. No chocolate bon-bons, no cigarettes in those days! No tea or coffee. Was there no good butter? Some of us get along without a number of these things, too; but our ancestors were not tantalized by the sight of them heaped up in fascinating shop windows, with impossible prices ticketed on them. There could not have been any H. C. of L. problem in such a time. Eggs and milk were probably almost free.—London Advertiser.

A man travelling in Maine met a middle-aged farmer, who said his father, ninety years old, was still on the farm where he was born.

"Ninety years old, eh?"

"Yes, pop is close to ninety."

"Is his health good?"

"'Taint much now. He's been complainin' for a few months back."

"What's the matter with him?"

"I dunno; sometimes I think farmin' don't agree with him."

More About the H. C. of L.
With all commodities soaring in price, it behoves the buyer to look for full value in every article.
When buying matches specify—
EDDY'S
Their quality is beyond question; but besides this, every box is a generously filled box.
Look out for short-count matches. There are many on the market.
Avoid imposition by always, everywhere, asking for EDDY'S.

Re-Writing World Law

Cyrus Townsend Brady in the New York Times

Do we wish Germany or England and France to draw up the new code? We know perfectly well what Germany's views are upon international law. They are based upon the principle of expediency. Their watchword is "might makes right." The working out of this principle is seen in invaded, outraged, ravaged, deported Belgium; in the wreck-strewn sea; in the brutal and cynical disregard of neutral right and non-combatant privilege; in devastated Serbia; in the persecution of Christian Armenia by Mohammendan Turkey; in the death in every circumstance of horror and shame of 600,000 peaceful, orderly people in Asia Minor, with the concentration of as many more in pestilential camps where they starve, contract disease and die. Do we wish international law written in these terms?

The victory of England and France and their allies will mean a new international law in which every prescription, merciful and humane, of the old law will be re-written and many more added. In the rewriting of this new law, should it be devolved upon these powers, we will have a part. To have international law re-written in terms of civilization and humanity and the righteousness which is of God would almost be worth the awful expenditure of blood and treasure. For such a code of law it would be possible, I think, to organize an international police force which could compel would-be recalcitrant nations to respect it.

Which group of powers do we desire to see re-write international law? There can be but one answer to that question. Fully appreciating, then, the importance to us of this issue of the war, can we under any conditions sit calmly by and see England and France and Italy starved to death by an utterly immoral blockade? We cannot. We must not.

If hard work is sapping your strength—reinforce with Bovril
On sale at all Druggists and Stores.

The Other End

The Judge to whom a Chicago woman had applied for a divorce looked sternly at the applicant and addressed her thus:

"You say you want a divorce because your married life is one long series of fights? You don't look it."

"No, your Honor," said the applicant, "but you ought to see my husband."

Redpath SUGAR
Redpath refining methods produce no second grade sugar. We make and sell one grade only—the highest—so that you will never get anything but the best under the name of Redpath.
2 and 5 lb. Cartons—10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.
"Let Redpath Sweeten it."
Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal.

Give the "Kiddies" All They Want of
CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP
It is one of the delicious "good things" that has a real food value. A slice of your good homemade bread, spread with "Crown Brand", forms a perfectly balanced food, that is practically all nourishment.
So—let them have it on biscuits and pancakes, and on their porridge if they want it.
You'll like it, too, on Griddle Cakes—on Blanc Mange and Baked Apples. And you'll find it the most economical sweetener you can use, for Cakes, Cookies, Gingerbread and Pies.
Have your husband get a tin, the next time he is in town—a 5, 10 or 20 pound tin.
THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL, CARDINAL, BRANTFORD, FORT WILLIAM.
Our new recipe book, "Desserts and Candies", will show you how to make dozens of delicious dishes with "Crown Brand". Write for a copy to our Montreal Office.
EDWARDSBURG CORN SYRUP

THE MEN FROM THE DOMINION AND THEIR PART IN THE GREAT WAR

DOING THEIR SHARE ON FAR-FLUNG BATTLE LINE

Correspondent Describes Activities of the Canadians in Training And At the Front, and the Opportunities Offered For Special Work for Which They Are Peculiarly Fitted

Roland Hill, in a despatch from London, dealing with the splendid services lent by Canadians in the war, says in part:

Gen. Haig mentions in his despatch that what we want is a greater proportion of guns and railways. I wish I could tell you in Canada how many thousands of men from the Dominion are serving with the big guns and new tanks, all because of the native spirit of adventure which made them leave Canada.

Word just reaches me that a certain squadron on the extreme east of the western line under French command, where was a whole squadron of Canadians who joined the Royal Naval Air Service, carried out their own raid under a Canadian commander on a certain German munition works, doing great damage.

It is an ordinary incident at the front, but shows that in the far-flung battle line the Canadians are doing at least their share.

There have just arrived in London several captains, mates and many men who served for years on Kootenay Lakes and are now outfitting for inland water service at the outermost points of the Empire.

These are but a few examples of what Canada may still do, if they are allowed to tell their friends at home of their great adventures.

Take, best of all, the changes on the western front, where for the railways we still want thousands of those men who have been building railways against Nature for the last generation in Canada.

Men that have come from the Canadian Pacific, Grand Trunk and the Canadian Northern are spread all over France doing strategical construction, which even Gen. Haig will say is of great value for the big drive—perhaps big break—which will be something in history even greater than the completion of the Canadian trans-continentals.

Up and down the channels there are hundreds of eager young men who used to be yachting for pleasure in Montreal, or Lake Winnipeg or in Vancouver, men overhauling ships in rough winter weather from cockleshells of patrol boats round these islands, whom every neutral knows and respects for their thoroughness, and whom even the enemy's U-boats have reason to fear.

Let their praises and devotion be sung. We have thousands more of them coming to join their comrades. Let Canada's part be known at least in Canada and there will not be very much need for National Service there. Everyone here will have a pal there who longs to join him, but let them by hook or crook know at home what these pals over in the war are doing and have done.

Building Cargo Carriers in Britain

The Need for New Cargo Ships Is Very Great

There is reported from day to day the losses in mercantile tonnage from the operations of the submarine, but not a word reaches us about the set-off to this destruction; the constant additions to Great Britain's mercantile fleet from the yards in every centre of shipbuilding activity. That work along this line is being speeded up is shown by the following from a recent issue of the London Times:

"It is understood that in a number of shipyards where high-class liners had been laid down instructions have now been given for work to be suspended and labor to be diverted to the construction of plain cargo carriers. However naturally disappointing this may be at the moment to liner companies requiring to replenish their fleets, the decision is certain to be really approved by them and by the general public. If the daily toll of losses teaches one lesson clearly, it is that the need for new cargo ships is very great. The shipbuilding resources of the country are enormous, and once they are properly mobilized for mercantile work, as they are now at last being organized, the new production within a few months should prove absolutely irresistible. But this result is not to be achieved without immense effort and a certain amount of interference with private plans. The vessels which are now being laid down will undoubtedly be thoroughly serviceable in many trades, and once the war is won British builders will again be able to show that they lead the world in the construction of the finest class of mail and passenger liners.

The Leather Scarcity

Efforts Being Made to Overcome the Shortage

An acute condition of affairs has developed in several lines of Canadian industry owing to scarcity of material. A delegation which waited on the government on Thursday asked that something be done to meet the scarcity of hides. The leather output is seriously affected. There is likewise a shortage of wool. Both of these commodities have been secured largely from Australia and New Zealand, where restrictions on imports are now imposed.

In an interview with Sir George Foster, F. W. Beardmore, of Montreal, and E. Davis, of Newmarket, Ont., urged efforts to have the regulations relaxed so that more supplies can be available. The price of boot leather is going up to an almost prohibitive figure with no prospect of diminishing.

The minister of Trade and Commerce will endeavor to do something to relieve the present conditions.

The Mennonites of Hague, Saskatchewan, have forwarded to Ottawa, for patriotic purposes a contribution of $1,400 as a mark of their appreciation of the peace and quietness guaranteed to them by the government. A deputation of Mennonites recently waited on the government to ask that their conscientious objections against taking part in the war would be respected. The requisite assurance was granted.

Religion on the Battlefield

A Bigger Thing on the Fighting Line Than It Is at Home

Miss Nellie Burke was caring for a French soldier, mortally wounded. In his delirium he addressed her as the sweetheart he had left in some little village of France.

"This war cannot last always, little one," he said, "and when it is over we will buy a pig and a cow and we will go to the cure, won't we, beloved?" And then, in a conscious moment, realizing that the war was over for him, he began to repeat "Ave Maria."

The words halted on his lips, his dazed mind fumbled for the rest of the familiar prayer; he turned to Miss Burke to finish it for him. Deeply moved she could not trust her voice to speak.

A young Mohammedan surgeon, educated in England, was supporting the dying man with his arm. It was he who took up the prayer, saying it slowly as the soldier's lips followed him; and thus the gulf between life and death was bridged by a human charity transcending all creeds.

Another incident is reported from the same source. Rabbi Bloch, of Lyons, was shot at the battle of the Aisne while holding a crucifix to the lips of a dying soldier.

Religion on the battlefield seems a bigger thing than it often appears to be at home.

Russo-Swedish Hand Clasp

Bridge Connecting Countries Repudiates Reports of Hostility

The recently formulated Russo-Swedish plan to construct a bridge joining the two countries reveals the extent to which the supposed hostility between these two nations has been diminished. The bridge, across the frontier from Haparanda to Tornea, will connect the Swedish and Finnish railroad systems.

"The plan," says the Westminster Gazette, "is of great practical importance for Anglo-Russian intercommunication, as at present traffic has to go by sledge in winter and ferry in summer.

"The Russo-Swedish agreement provides for continuous work on the bridge till its completion. The Swedish state railway department will build the whole bridge, charging Russia the cost of the work and material on Russian soil or in Russian waters. The Swedish government is thus placed in the unusual position of bridge builder in a foreign state.

"The bridge over the Tornea River will be for a single track, which will be of both Russian and Swedish gauge, so that trains of either country can pass, though not together. The bridge will be 350 yards long.

"The present provisional estimate of the total cost is 2,600,000 Swedish crowns (about $720,000)."

The Stockholm Tidninen observes that it would "like to convince those in Great Britain and France who retain a sympathetic interest in Sweden of the misunderstanding involved in the words "Swedish suspicions of Russia," which are so often reiterated in the countries of the Entente. There is no suspicion (in Sweden) that Russia contemplates attacking Sweden, or any doubt in the good faith of the Russian statesmen, who from time to time have disavowed such intentions, but at the same time it is not a mere condition of nervous distrust which prevents Swedes from envisaging the possibilities of Russian policy through the spectacles that Great Britain and France would like to provide them with for this purpose."

Training for Every Girl

Lady Mackworth Thinks Girls Should Put in a Year at Business After Leaving School

Every girl should spend a year in her father's office or shop after she leaves school and before she enters society, says Lady Mackworth, daughter of Baron Rhondda of Wales in an interview.

Most fathers train their sons; their daughters were expected to develop business acumen by the light of nature. I say "were" because the war has changed men's point of view.

The protected English girl of 1914 was pathetically like well-born American girls of 1860; two years of war has wrought a revolution.

Before the war the ordinary English girl never expected to work for money; today she has tried it, and she is not likely to revert.

Thousands of girls must become qualified to carry on their fathers' business since the war.

Business women must be trained. And for such training no teacher can equal a girl's father.

Women who never worked before must today earn their daily bread. Women have replaced men in scores of industries.

The girl trained to business in her father's office is prepared for most emergencies. That experience will go far to make her a happier spinster or a more trustworthy wife.

Marriage, with the independent woman of the future, will be a far finer thing than the marriage with the clinging vine of the past.

I concede as quite likely that the new business girl will not be so ready to accept the first man who asks her.

Her waiting will mean more love marriages. For the business girl who marries will have a deeper understanding, more forbearance and far greater sense of comradeship. Such qualities are warranted to wear.

The Heroic Unknown

The British Admiralty has met every renewed submarine menace with fresh means of defence and offence. When the war is over we shall hear more of the heroic work of the great fleet of frail boats that have quietly trapped the undersea craft by scores in the last year or two.—Providence Journal.

The British Fleet at Kiel

Entertained by the Kaiser Just Before Beginning of the War

The death of Vice-Admiral Sir George John Scott Warrender, Bart., a few days ago, prompts the Edinburgh Scotsman to recall the fact that Sir George was the Admiral commanding the British Squadron which visited Kiel a week or two before the outbreak of war. His flagship on that occasion was the King George V., and it will be recalled that at the very time when the Archduke Francis Ferdinand was murdered in Serajevo, Sir George Warrender was entertaining the Kaiser on board the George V. As a matter of fact, the Kaiser, as an honorary Admiral of the British Navy, actually flew his flag at the head of the British Squadron, which a week or two later cleared for action against his "mouse-hole" fleet.

In the course of an acount of the visit of the British Squadron, under Sir George Warrender, to Kiel on June 23, 1914, it was stated that the ships arrived in the bay during the night, and waited outside until the morning. At an early hour the German officers attached to Sir George Warrender and Commodore Goodenough boarded the flagships, which steamed in single column up the harbor. H.M. battleship King George V., flying Sir George Warrender's flag, was leading, the battleships Centurion, Ajax, and Audacious following in that order. The cruisers, headed by H.M. light cruiser Southampton, came next. The first salute was fired off Friedrichsort, when a gun boomed from the King George V.

The sun pierced the clouds as the ships passed this place in majestic procession, headed by the flagship, which was so enveloped in smoke that only the flashes of the saluting guns denoted her whereabouts. After the twenty-first gun of the salute had been fired, there was a moment's silence, then a flash, and the cloud of smoke indicated the position of the Friedrichsort battery, which now began in response to the naval greeting of the visitors.

The British ships continued up the harbor, eagerly watched by hundreds of eyes on launches and excursion steamers. They filed past the squadron of German dreadnoughts lying at their moorings in the harbor mouth. These were the four giants of the Kaiser class—Kaiserin, Prince Regent Luitpold, Konig Albert, and Kaiser—the most formidable vessels of the German fleet, which, however, are of earlier date than the British battleships. After exchanging salutes with the German flagship Friedrich der Grosse, which was lying further up the harbor, the battleships came smartly to their moorings in line between the Friedetich der Groose and the Kaiser, the cruisers mooring nearer the shore.

In the evening of the same day men of the fleet went ashore. An account of that part of the proceedings make somewhat strange reading, in view of after events.

Meanwhile the British tars (it was stated in a narrative of the proceedings), who in the forenoon remained in their ships, were eagerly awaited ashore, and the arrivals of the men who were given shore leave were witnessed with great interest. The innumerable cafes, taverns, and restaurants along the waterside and in the streets leading down to the harbor which cater for the patronage of Jack ashore had hung out Union Jacks in honor of the guests, and one enterprising host decorated his premises with four Union Jacks, and an assurance in English that the British sailor is welcome.

There were professions of friendliness in the German press in connection with this visit. The Keiler Zeitung declared that the wish of the dwellers by the German shore is for peace and friendship with their British neighbors, and it hoped that each of the two peoples would be able to unfold its powers freely in honorable rivalry and friendship based on reciprocal respect.

On the following day the Emperor Wilhelm, on board the Hohenzollern, visited the squadron. Compliments were exchanged between that vessel and the King George V. Afterwards officers from the British and German flagships went aboard the Hohenzollern to pay their respects to the Emperor, who received Sir George Warrender at the head of the steps.

The Channel Tunnel

May Yet be Built if Present Prospects Materialize

At a dinner of the Economic Circle of the National Liberal Club, Arthur Fell, M.P., chairman of the house of commons tunnel committee, said if the committee reported favorably on the Channel tunnel scheme the government would support them. The matter would then be carried through quickly in order that they might be able to commence the plans and get ready for beginning work after the war is ended.

Estimates placed the work at five years and the cost at 180,000,000 pounds, half of which amount would be found by the British government and half by France.

If, as estimated, five per cent. of the two million passengers between Britain and France annually patronized the tunnel, the fares, mails and goods conveyed would produce 1,585,000 pounds per annum and the outgoings would be 420,000 pounds.

Big Increase In Dairy Products

The dairy products of the province of Alberta for the year 1916 amounted to $12,500,000. This was brought out at the annual Dairymen's convention recently held in Calgary, when it was related how the industry had grown from a mere beginning till at present there was estimated to be 215,000 head of dairy cattle in the province. The province of Alberta, according to George H. Barr, chief of the dairy division of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, is leading the rest of the Dominion in butter-making, wonderful strides having been made in this industry during the past year.

His Opinion

The hostess had been coaxing a young lady to sing, but to no purpose. "What do you think of a girl who can sing and won't sing?" she asked of a bachelor guest.

"I think," replied he, "that's she's worth a dozen girls who can't sing but will sing."

Belgium's population at the outbreak of the war was 7,700,000.

Against Sale of Margarine in Dominion

Hon. Martin Burrell Says Dairy Interests Would be Injured by Sale

Replying to the civil deputation which asked for the removal of the restrictions on the importations and sale of oleomargarine, Hon. Martin Burrell, minister of agriculture, said that the question was a bigger one than the ordinary man believed. Three successive governments and three successive parliaments had gone on record as against oleomargarine.

There were two sides to the question. Butter was high in price and the importation of margarine might afford relief. But were they aware of the importance of the industry which they wanted to protect?

"I do not think its importation would affect the price of butter now," said Hon. Mr. Burrell, "but in the long run it would hurt the dairy industry." The dairy industry in this country was valued at $150,000,000 so that the question was important as an economic factor. The prohibition was put on in the belief that it was supremely important to protect the dairy industry.

The minister of agriculture pointed out that for three years the western provinces were importing butter, but by 1915 the production in British Columbia, Saskatchewan and Manitoba had trebled, showing how the industry had developed.

Butter had not gone up so much as other commodities, said the minister. He said that formerly Danish butter went to Britain in a steady supply. Since the war there had been a greater demand for Canadian butter and the demand last year was something like 11,000,000 pounds, the largest since 1903. The importance of maintaining that steady supply was obvious, and was the biggest stimulant for promoting the manufacture of butter in this country.

Oleomargarine, said Mr. Burrell, was imported into all other countries, including New Zealand, but in every country there was also excessive legislation and fraud. The whole effort of the margarine makers, he feared, would be to fraudulently sell their product as butter.

The question would come up before parliament, he said, but such a change as suggested would be fraught with endless difficulties and a lot of fraud. He was not questioning the wholesomeness of oleomargarine and no doubt it would afford relief at this time. He quoted examples of fraud in Quebec which had been followed by prosecution and conviction.

Never before had it been so important to have the people of Canada go on the land. Butter had gone up, it was true, but that was offset by the high prices farmers had to pay for labor and mill feed.

"I am quite sure," said the minister, "rightly or wrongly, that the importation of margarine would be a discouraging factor in the dairy industry. It is a question whether it is worth while at this time to lift the prohibition. It is an economic not a political question. Nothing hasty will be done. Everyone must try and see all sides of the questions."

Mr. Burrell told the deputation that the farmers of Western Canada are opposed to the removal of restrictions. He had a letter from Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of agriculture for Saskatchewan, in which it was stated that the dairying interests of western Canada are opposed to the sale of oleomargarine in Canada He pointed out that the dairy industry of western Canada was becoming established on a satisfactory basis and that it was not desirable to allow the sale of a substitute for butter.

The Climax of Impudence

The Accursed System Which Is Destined to Perish by the Sword

The German government has made what it calls an offer of peace, and I suppose you have read the document. It is really, I think, the most impudent document which ever came from the pen of mortal man. There is a human nature of which we do understand, and there is German nature which we are beginning to understand. Napoleon said at one time that he was not like other men—that he was not to be bound by the moral scruples which attach to the rest of us. In that respect the Germans are all Napoleons. (Laughter.) They are all supermen who can do anything with a good conscience, but who can be very indignant when anything is done to them in return. (Hear, hear.) You know the document. It began by asserting that they were injured innocents, fighting a war of self-defence against a world in aggression against them. Our memories are not so very short as all that. We know that in those fateful days—which those who had taken a part in them, however, small, would never forget—at the end of July 1914, when peace or war with all its horrors was in the balance, the German emperor had but to whisper the word "peace" and there would have been peace throughout the world. Everyone knows that even at the last moment Austria, whose stupid diplomacy has been a proverb among the nations for generations, was stepping back from the abyss, affrighted, and Germany plunged her in. She chose war. The German emperor and the military caste, which either followed or drove him, drew the sword, and it is now our prayer and our belief that the accursed system for which it stands will perish by the sword. (Cheers.)—Bonar Law.

"Compounding a Felony"

Sir Alfred Mond, first commissioner of works, speaking at a war savings meeting at Swansea, said it was idle to ask us to make peace until legitimate national aspirations were satisfied. The Germans must be forced to realize that it was easier to let loose the dogs of war than to bring them again to heel.' There was under our law a criminal offence known as "compounding a felony" It consisted in an injured person bargaining with a criminal instead of prosecuting him. Those who asked us to enter into negotiations for peace with Germany in existing circumstances were guilty of this offence against their native land, against Europe, and against humanity.

Father (gruffly)—Get away from the fire. The weather isn't cold.

Tommy—Well, I ain't warmin' the weather.

The Mule That Never Fails

He Has no Nerves and He Never Worries

An officer writes from the western front in praise of the Canadian mule:

"Motor transport brought our supplies up from the depots, but it was the mule who caried them across the torn battlefields under constant shelling and without showing hesitation or fear. Where six horses succumbed to the strain (these are official figures) only one mule was lost. Where a horse would struggle frantically to extricate himself from a crater and unless rescued in time eventually die of a broken heart, a mule would sit tight, like the one mentioned above, and wait for supports. Where a horse collapsed from shock, his nerves torn by the incessant scream of shells, the mule merely laid back his long ears, put his head down and carried on. He has no nerves and he never worries.

"I know of a mule which, in crossing a field, absentmindedly kicked at a German 'dud.' This mule certainly was demobilized then and there. But it is true that the blast that heralded his passing did not even interest several of his companions who were approaching behind. They saw a comrade vanish in a whiff of smoke, simply put their ears back, and carried on. "The transport horse is far more anxious to please," said a student of mule psychology. "I know horses that can accomplish as much as a mule and a half in the same time, but they cannot maintain the ratio of speed."

Superficial Criticisms

Patriotic Fund Teaching Thrift to Twenty Women for Every One That Wastes Her Money

"My charwoman has stopped working, so I have stopped giving to the Patriotic Fund."

"If the Patriotic Fund exists in order to make it possible for my maid to marry a soldier and live without working, it is about time to declare that the Fund can get along without my help."

These are typical illustrations of the line of argument not unfrequently met with by the workers for the Fund. There seems to be an impression abroad that the wives or mothers of our soldiers should be worse off, rather than better, when the husbands are away. Such a view is taken, of course, only after a superficial examination of the case. The wife has given her husband to the national cause, and she deserves well at our hands. The Fund does not support her—it merely creates a margin of reasonable comfort. If a soldier's wife here or there gives up her daily toil, that is a very inadequate reason for condemning a Fund which possesses a host of social service workers who are teaching thousands of women to be industrious, thrifty, good house-wives, wise mothers, and filling them with ambition to have happier homes than they ever knew before.

More Brutal Atrocities

Germans Drive Children Into Factories and Fields

A Times' correspondent, who has been at considerable trouble to verify his facts, and on records that for which there is the clearest evidence, compiles a list of brutal atrocities against the military authorities in charge of Northern France. He states that it matters little from which province of invaded France the refugees are being repatriated, their condition is practically the same—broken in body and mind, but unconquerable in spirit.

Some convoys say that they have not tasted meat for two years, others have had it in small quantities as lately as 15 months ago; the most fortunate of all tell us that meat rations came to an end a fortnight before their departure. All food is at famine prices; candles cost 12 francs for a packet of eight; petrol is prohibitive. Yet, in spite of all this physical impoverishment, forced labor is the rule in town and village alike; the old men and women up to any age, and children as young as 13, are compelled to work in factories and fields, their wages varying from two to three francs a day, out of which they have to pay for their food about 50 per cent. of their total takings.

To this rule there is no exception: one person in every household is allowed to stop at home to perform domestic duties, which include the washing of the German soldiers' dirty linen.

The discipline imposed scarcely differs from slave-driving in its palmiest days. At harvest-time work is obligatory all the week round, Sundays and feast-days included; no one may stop work to go to mass.

Two girls who went to church one Sunday morning were in prison the same afternoon; a child of 14 in the same village got four days' imprisonment for not doing a full day's work; a woman who gave an apple to a Belgian prisoner was condemned to 10 days' imprisonment; another woman's sentence was 42 days with hard labor for straying 20 yards beyond the boundary limit, and yet another, aged 79, received a fortnight's cells for going to see her sick daughter, who lived a short distance out of bounds.

These are but a very few cases, typical of hundreds, which illustrate the bitter complaints against the behavior of the German troops and of the officials in occupation of French territory.

Why She Screamed

Two men, father and son, both very greedy, were at a bazaar where a dainty little miss was selling kisses in aid of the war fund.

Father—Go on, my son, there's a half crown. When I was young I used to make 'em scream.

The son returned a few minutes later, following upon an uproar.

"Well, my boy, did you kiss her?"

"Yes, father."

"What did you do to make her scream?"

"Kept the half crown."—Weekly Telegraph.

Lawyer—You'll have to sign your maiden name to this document, madam.

Mrs. Casey—Shure we've been married so long that Oi've forgot it intirely. Phwat was it Pat?

Mr. Casey—Begorra, Oi used t'be so attintive t'yure cousin Kate, Oi'm forgettin' meself phwhich one of yes Oi married.

NEXT FEW MONTHS WILL BE THE MOST CRITICAL PERIOD OF WAR

SOME BIG THINGS ARE LOOKED FOR BY LEADERS

Lord Derby Warns the Country That Great Sacrifices Are Yet To Be Made. But At Whatever Cost Britain Must Stick It Out To The Bitter End

Arthur Henderson, member of the British War Council, speaking at Manchester, said:

"In government circles confidence regarding the final close of the war was never so high as now. I believe the leaders of the Allied nations will be surprised if during the coming summer they do not strike such a blow as—with other considerations which prevail—will lead the war to close on lines entirely satisfactory for us and our Allies."

The Earl of Derby, Secretary of State for War, speaking at Bolton expressed the firm opinion that the critical period of the war would occur in the next few months. "I would be a false friend," he said, "if I did not warn the country that this war is going to be long continued, and the struggle even more bitter than in the past. It can only be won by everyone doing his utmost.

"The three things most vital are money, men and munitions. Money and munitions are being supplied in large quantities. Men we want and must have! The nation will have to make greater sacrifices in the way of giving of its manhood to fight its battles.

"I am as confident as anyone of the eventual result, but do not be led away into the too great optimism of thinking that the end is near.

"I believe we are going to see the critical period of the war in the next few months. We must face it with courage. I confidently predict it will be a successful six months for us, but at the same time I do not think it will be a walk-over.

"You must receive bad news equally with good news, with the same courage, the same gameness, and the same determination. There is but one motto for every man and woman in the country, namely, to 'Stick it out.' That is what you have got to do. At whatever cost, at whatever sacrifice, stick it out to the bitter end, and the bitter end will mean for you, perhaps, privation, but for those who come after you freedom from the horrors which we have experienced during the last two and a half years."

Prussianized Poland

Civilian From Warsaw Says He Would Rather Die Than Return

Only with great difficulty, and on definite and approved business grounds, will the Germans allow travellers from Poland to come westward. The following interview, therefore, which was obtained at Rotterdam with a certain Pole who had arrived from Warsaw cannot fail to be of interest as giving a general idea, from which detail is necessarily omitted, of conditions in that city and other parts of Poland under the German heel:

"I would sooner die than return. By every possible means Germany is Prussianizing Poland, refraining from no methods to attain this end. Vast areas of our forests have been cut down and the wood deported to Germany, thus, in the opinion of many, permanently and irreparably injuring our sources of wealth.

"With all speed Germany is sending a number of police agents into Poland to dragoon, depress and mishandle the population. In all our schools now it is compulsory to learn German, all teachers even suspected of opposing or disliking this order being arrested and imprisoned. Practically all public life and the activities of our economic and intellectual societies are forbidden.

"There is also a very strong propaganda in full swing against the Jews, and measures of an outrageous unlawful kind have been put in force against them. When a Jew presents himself for a passport to travel outside his own town he is formally asked his religion. When he replies he is a Jew the military become abusive, remarking: 'Ah, a Jew! Also a smuggler and a traitor. We grant no passes to such people.' No Jew is allowed to build a house, and this in spite of the fact that there are 350,000 Jews in Warsaw's round million of inhabitants. Nor are Jews allowed any hand in the administration of the country."—London Chronicle.

What Germany Would Talk About

Supreme Nation Has Right to Begin War and End It

In an interview Baron Bussche-Haddenhausen says: "Don't let us talk of Belgium, of the past, but of Roumania and Greece!" That is the German way of it. Don't let us talk of the violation of a sacred treaty; don't let us talk of the killing of human beings in droves of hundreds from two months to 80 years of age (see Bryce's report); don't let us talk of the extortion of hundreds of millions, don't let us talk of slave raids. For what Germany does is right, and if it is not right, then it is military necessity, and if it is not military necessity then is is a regrettable mistake on the part of a submarine commander, properly punishable by an Iron Cross.

No, don't let us talk about anything of that sort. Talk about England, who commenced this war; talk about Russia, who was land hungry; talk about France, who wanted Alsace-Lorraine back; talk about the weather, talk about peace. For we, the supreme nation, have the right to begin war and end it, just as we please; we may break treaties, we may lie and murder with impunity, for we are the chosen people, and our mission on earth is to punish others at the command of God.—R. B. in New York Times.

A Wonderful Watch

American Mechanical Engineer Has a Swiss Watch That Is a Wonder

What is unquestionably a great masterpiece of both mechanical construction and artistic workmanship is presented in the form of a watch recently finished by a well-known Swiss watchmaker for James W. Packard, an American mechanical engineer.

The watch is necessarily larger than the conventional timepiece. In fact it is intended to be kept in a highly-finished wooden box which is fastened to a wall. From the box extends a silken cord which can be pulled when the owner wishes to know the time by the striking of the hours, quarter-hours, and minutes.

Strictly speaking the watch is more of the nature of a clock, and is provided with a clock movement. Its mechanism automatically strikes the hours and the quarter-hours, while the repeater mechanism, which is released by a spring, strikes the hours and quarter-hours and exact minutes that are indicated on the dial by the hands. Aside from the usual hour, minute, and second hands, the watch contains a movement suitable for timing an event or an operation to the fraction of a second, in the form of a split-second hand and a fifth-second hand. Two additional dials are also inclined to indicate respectively the number of minutes and the number of hours which have elapsed during the actual use of the split-second mechanism.

Another interesting feature is the perpetual calendar which makes allowances for the 31, 30 and 28-day months, and even the 29 days of February each leap year. The phases of the moon can be instantly determined by referring to a crescent-shaped opening in the upper centre of the dial. Lastly, a most useful attachment is incorporated in the watch to indicate when the gong movement and the watch movement were last wound.

The gold used in the case of the watch is 18-carat and weights nearly seven ounces. Three separate mechanisms are required to perform the various functions of the watch; two of them are wound by turning the winding stem in one direction and the remaining movement wound by turning the winding stem in the opposite direction.

Nothing Is Too Big For the British Navy

A Motto That Has Proved the Decisive Factor in the War

When a boy enters the great British naval training school he is taken to view the motto conspicuously carved high in the wall: "There is nothing the navy cannot do." These words become as deeply graven upon the hearts of British naval officers as in the wall of their college. The men brought up in the navy become truly devoted to the service. Their very isolation upon their ships, their visits to distant ports, the iron discipline, all combine to make of a British naval officer a perfect servant of his country. Duty becomes to him not only habit, but instinct, and he does not notice a brave deed by a British sailor more than he notices a goose going barefoot. Sometimes there happens a deed in circumstances that combine to make it as memorable as Nelson's message at Trafalgar, as, for instance, the devoted heroism of the ship boy in the Jutland fight, who remained at his post when mortally wounded. When an officer asked him why he did not go below and have his terrible wounds dressed, he replied simply that he stayed because he thought he might be needed.

It is men of this type who are grappling with the most diabolical weapons ever devised, the murdering submarine and the floating mine. How well they are doing their work, which requires not only daring and fortitude, but the highest intelligence, will be reflected in the dwindling statistics of the latest German campaign of frightfulness. Having conquered the submarine, the British navy may well claim to have justified the ancient boast, "There is nothing the navy cannot do." In this war it has proved the decisive factor Without the British navy the war would have been over long ago, and not the bravery of the French army or the genius of its commander could have done more than postpone for a few weeks or perhaps a few months the inevitable end. Canadians can not be described as a seafaring people, except to a limited extent, yet in no country on earth is there a fuller realization of the debt that this country, in common with all the Allies, owes to the British navy. When the war is over a monument to the British navy ought to be reared in the capital of every nation now arrayed against Germany.—From the Toronto Mail and Empire.

Hit by Restrictions

Prohibitions Give Rise to a Number of Complaints

Canadian manufacturers, importers and exporters are being hit rather hard by the trade restrictions of the British government which the war has made necessary. Nine-tenths of the mail in the Trade and Commerce Department at Ottawa these days refers to the prohibitory or restrictive methods in force and while they are not new many firms apparently are only awakening to the fact that such regulations have been imposed. The restricted import of machinery and machinery parts, and the prohibition of the export of wood and paper give rise to the greater number of complaints.

All the department can do is to take up each case through the High Commissioner, but generally speaking the regulations are being adhered to.

"Man is by far the most courageous animal God ever made, and compared with him lions are cowards." So the Prime Minister is reported to have said, after visiting the front. British soldiers inspired his thought.

The only thing green about a grass widow is the fellow who hangs around her.

HEAR CAPT. PEARSON TELL OF WAR TO-NIGHT

Tonight in the Presbyterian Church, Capt. Pearson, Senior Y. M. C. A. Officer in France since the commencement of the war, will address a mass meeting of citizens of Lacombe and District. All interested in our boys at the front should be present, as the Captain has an interesting story to tell. He was with our boys from the start. The Y.M.C.A. is doing a great work overseas.

Bare statistics cannot properly convey correct conception of this work; they will, however, help to show its scope:—

There is a Y.M.C.A. encampment in every training camp in Canada.

In the Lens Salient occupied at the present time by the Canadians, there are more than fifty Branches of the Canadian Y. M. C. A.

Eighty-four men who rank as honorary captains have been sent overseas; 32 of these are now in France.

Altogether over 500 persons Under Y.M.C.A. directions are serving our boys in the army.

Six conducting officers have been appointed who will travel on transports with returning soldiers. They will make the east bound trip on transports with troops.

One million eight hundred thousand sheets of writing paper with envelopes and writing facilities are provided free every month in France, and two millions have been similarly used in Canada since June.

On requests of Soldiers overseas, snapshots of their families are sent to them.

Hundreds of tons of used and new magazines are forwarded to England and Canada each month.

Circulating libraries are kept in many of the tents.

Whenever possible a Y.M.C.A. officer accompanies troop trains to point of embarkment. These secretaries are well equipped with writing material, reading matter (small paper, song sheets) etc.

Errands of varying importance are willingly attended to, and small purchases at times amounting to hundreds of dollars a day are executed for soldiers at the front by a special Y.M.C.A. secretary in England.

Vast quantities of athletic and games equipment are freely supplied in England and France.

Testament and Prayer cards have been supplied by thousands. Every branch is well supplied to meet the many requests from soldiers.

Entertainments in the rest camps in France, and the big camps in England always include moving pictures. Often the small portable moving picture outfits are used to entertain isolated units.

In France wherever the Y.M.C. A. is, gramophones are to be found. At the present time there are 100 of these in Canadian Branches in France.

The Canadian Y.M.C.A. also owns 18 pianos. Every evening finds thousands of Canadian Soldiers in Concerts, entertainments and lectures under Y.M.C.A. auspices.

Thousands of Canadian soldiers assemble every week to hear religious addresses and sing old hymns. In France Y.M.C.A. Secretaries find great difficulty in closing meetings, the men are so glad to get together in this way.

There have been occasions when the Y.MIC.A. canteen near the front line was able to save many Canadian lives by giving away free the entire stock when rations were interrupted during a German drive.

A great contribution is made to "the Spirit" of the army in in France by supplying quantities of athletic material, the concerts in the rest camps, the service of the dugout gramophones, etc.

This program involves an immense outlay in huts, tents, etc. In France these vary in size from tiny dugouts to buildings where 2000 men may be accommodated in a concert at one time, besides all the writing and refreshment facilities.

Y.M.C.A. officers give special attention to soldiers in hospitals.

Major Birks, in charge of the Y.M.C.A. work overseas, says, "The work is about as varied as the number of men."

The home associations do their part for the soldiers. In a summary covering the winter months of 1915—16, the following items appear:

46 Associations report a total of over half a million baths.

1200 Gymnasium classes were attended by over 108,000 soldiers.

234 Entertainments and Socials attended by 42,954 soldiers.

246 Religious Meetings and Bible Classes with attendance of 11,000 soldiers.

3000 Educational Classes with 5507 attendance.

Besides these activities, the Associations service and staff are always ready for the soldiers call. In some cases the Y.M.C.A. is used for regular military training. There are many instances of physically unfit recruits receiving special treatment from Y.M.C.A. physical directors and then being accepted for active service.

At The Rex Theatre

"Mixed Blood" the Red Feather photoplay, which appears at the Rex theatre on Saturday and Monday next is the first Red Feather feature film in which Claire McDowell has the stellar role. In Mixed Blood" the stirring story of Willard Mack, produced by Charles Swickard, Miss McDowell has the role of a border Carmen, a creature of swift passions, hot moods and wild caprices who, however, in the end "comes clean" through her loyalty and devotion in the deadliest danger. The story, adroitly developed and filled to the uttermost with gripping situations, is a study of the result of the blending of Irish and Mexican strains in a beautiful young girl who, with a big American suitor and a treacherous Spanish lover, fights a big fight and wins out. In Miss McDowell's support are George Beranger, Wilbur Higby and Jessie Arnold.

The Red Cross acknowledges with thanks $1.20 from the Bridge Club.

Serve Save Produce

EVERY ONE CAN do something for his country

Some can bear arms
Some can produce food
Some can make munitions
Some can give money

It is the privilege of all to help.

YOU CAN SERVE by Fighting—Working—Saving—Giving

This is NATIONAL SERVICE

Are YOU doing your part?

ALL EYES turn now to the Canadian Farmer, for he can render the Empire SPECIAL SERVICE in this sternest year of the war.

But—our farms are badly undermanned—25,000 men are needed on the land.

With insufficient help, the Man on the Land fights an uphill fight to meet the pressing need for Food.

CITY and TOWN can help.

Municipal Councils, Churches and Schools, and other organizations, both of men and women, can render National Service by directing all available labour to the Land.

Farmers themselves can exchange labour. School boys can assist.

Were you raised on a farm? Can you drive a team? Can you handle fork or hoe? If you can't fight, you can produce. Spend the Summer working on the Farm.

Let every man, woman and child in the Dominion who has access to Land, no matter how small the plot, make it produce Food in 1917.

For information on any subject relating to the Farm and Garden write:—
INFORMATION BUREAU
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OTTAWA

DOMINION
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OTTAWA, CANADA,
HON. MARTIN BURRELL, MINISTER

Look What's Here

Coffee at 5c. a Pound

In order that the people of Lacombe and vicinity may become acquainted with the superior qualities of

NABOB COFFEE

We are making an offer never made before in Lacombe.

All This Week

To every customer purchasing a 1 lb. tin of this Coffee at the regular price of 50c. a tin, we will give the privilege of buying a second lb. at

5c. A TIN

Nabob Coffee is a pure Mocha and Java Coffee, put up in 1 lb. tins and is steel cut. There is no finer Coffee on the market. It is very low priced at 50c. lb. Don't miss this chance to buy a tin at 5c.

Nabob Tea at 5c. a Pound

The same offer is given on this extra fine flavor India and Ceylon Tea. It is worth 50c. a lb., and we will charge you 45c. for 1 lb. and give you the privilege of buying a second lb. at 5c. Limit of two lots of each to a customer during the week.

In addition to the above sensational offers we will have the following

Grocery Specials

during the week:

Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes, reg. 2 for 25c., 3 for 25c
Kellogg's Krumbles, reg. 10c., 3 for 25c.
Griffin's Seedless Raisins, reg. 17 1-2c., 2 for 25c.
25 lb. Box of Prunes, medium size, for $2.60

Limit of one lot of these specials to a customer.

A FREE DEMONSTRATION

Also during this week a lady demonstrator will be at the store to demonstrate Nabob Coffee, Tea and Jelly Powder. You are invited to call and prove for yourself that what we say about Nabob Coffee and Tea is true

FROM MONDAY MARCH 26th **Arnot & Co.** TILL SATURDAY MARCH 31st

COMET THEATRE ONE NIGHT ONLY

Wednesday April 11

F. Stuart Whyte will Positively Present his Great English Pantomime Success

ALADDIN AND HIS WONDERFUL LAMP

The show that has been the hit of the season in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton.

Prices—50c. 75c. and $1.00

NOW SELLING AT THEATRE BOX OFFICE

YOUR WILL SHOULD BE MADE

while you are in good health. Appoint this Company your Executor and Trustee, to insure your directions being carried out without fear or favor. Your Estate will benefit by our experience and responsibility.

Booklet on Wills by request.

The Trusts and Guarantee Company Limited
Calgary, Alberta.

Public Administrator and Official Assignee for the Judicial Districts of Lethbridge, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Red Deer, Stettler.

John Fortune
CITY LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

Careful Attention given to Commercial Trade
First Class Rigs and Good Drivers

Draying on Short Notice

LACOMBE - ALBERTA

SEED FOR SALE

Carton's Banner seed oats, 45 c. per bushel. Also well bred horses and cattle of all sorts. Apply E. C. Sherburne, 14 miles south of Haynes. Phone R. 213 M21-3p.

TEACHER WANTED

Experienced teacher wanted for Brookfield S. D. Salary $720 per annum. Apply C. P. Brock, Sec.-Treas., R. R. 2, Lacombe M14-3.

Geo. H. Wallace's
PUBLIC SALE

As I have rented my farm to R. H. Mooney, I am offering for sale by Public Auction, all my farm stock, implements, dairy outfit, etc., at my farm, 1½ miles west of Lacombe, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp on

MONDAY APRIL 9th

4 Head of Horses

1 Grey Gelding, 8 years old, weight 1200; 1 Bay Mare, 5 years old, weight 1200, in foal; 1 team Bay Geldings, 10 and 11 years old, weight 2600.

24 Head of Cattle

5 Registered Holstein Cows; 2 Registered Holstein Bulls, 1 and 2 years old; 15 Grade Holstein Cows; 2 Grade Ayrshire Cows. Most of the cows are milking, and others will freshen soon. Some stackens.

Implements

Mower; Front Bob Sleigh; Buggy; Set Double Work Harness; Delivery Rig; Melotte Cream Separator, 750 lbs. capacity, (almost new); About a dozen and a half scaffolding Jacks; Extension Ladder; 2 small Ladders; Step Ladder.

Household Goods

McClary Range, almost new; Kitchen Table; Dresser; Beds and Springs; Mattress; Cupboard; 2 Bureaus; 10 Kitchen Chairs; Cream Cans of all kinds, and numerous other things

A complete dairy outfit comprising Bottle Filler; Bottles; Crates; Boiler; Sterilizer; Milk Cooler; Bottle Washing Machine and Vat; will be sold, with a reserve bid, or will be sold privately at any time by the owner.

8 months credit on sums over $20.00

C. F. DAMRON, Auctioneer.

Geo. H. Wallace Owner. Jesse Fraser Clerk

Your Next Car Should be a Chevrolet

High Clearance; Heavy Frame; Strong Springs; 3 Speeds Forward and Reverse; Combination Cloth Hooks; Double Reversible Windshield; Self Starter; Search and Dimmer Lights; Oil Sight Feed; Mohair Top; Rear Tires Non Skid; Valve in Head Motor.

W. E. TEES, Agent
LACOMBE, ALTA.

A. GILMOUR

Will pay the following prices, delivered in his yards at Lacombe, this week:

Choice Fat Steers, ...7c.
Extra Choice Fat Heifers, ...6c.
Choice Fat Cows, ...5c. to 6c.
Fat Bulls, ...3½ to 5c.
Beef Hides, ...15c.
Choice Lambs, ...10c.

Further information regarding prices can be had by phoning 20 from 7.30 a.m. till 6 p.m.

Night Phone, 40, or 101.

Meat Dept. Phone 20, Ring 3.

Try Our Lard, at 22c. per lb.

LACOMBE, ALBERTA

Tomorrow (Thursday) Red Cross night at the Rex, the special feature will be "Wanted a Home." Miss Ella Simpson, one of Lacombe's favorite vocalists will have charge of the music and will sing two songs, "There a Long Long Trail" and "When Jack Comes Back". Lacombe audiences know what to expect when Miss Simpson is on the program, and we need not assure them that they will get the worth of their money. Remember this is one night reserved by the Rex for the Red Cross, and by attending you give this worthy cause a boost.

Dressers and Stands in white enamel, fumed oak, and golden, at Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

A. J. McKenzie, of Peachland, B. C., was in Lacombe a few days looking up a farming proposition. He will return later in the year, as he was greatly impressed with our district.

Wm. Burris returned on Sunday from an extended visit to Nova Scotia.

A. Urquhart returned on Saturday from a tour through B. C.

Next Meeting of the Arbordale U. F. A. will be held at the residence of G. H. Kent, on Monday evening, April. 2.

P. H. Lowe, the well known Blackfalds farmer and stockman, returned from Calgary this week with six pure-bred Clyde mares, which will be added to his bunch of brood mares. He is going extensively into the raising of heavy horses.

Sherwin-Williams Barn Paint is noted for its lasting and spreading qualities. Price $1.75 per gal at Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

Barn Paint manufactured by the British-American Paint Co., of Victoria B. C., in 4 Gal. tins. Special price $5.50. See us for your spring paint requirements. Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

The Lacombe Branch of the St. John's Ambulance Association sent a donation of fifty dollars towards the Canadian Y.M.C.A. Hut Fund. Acknowledgement has been received from Toronto thanking the Society for same.

Something new; see it. A Vacuum washer that will run just as easily when washing as when the tub is empty. All we ask is for you to take it home and try it. Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

H. J. Bailey has won the case against H. F. Miller. Each party claimed that he was owner of roadway between Bailey's two quarter sections that was formerly part of the quarter on which H. F. Miller lives. The case was tried last week, and after hearing the evidence the judge decided that Mr. Denike, who sold the quarter to Miller about seven years ago told him of the roadway being taken out of the quarter sold, and declared Bailey the rightful owner. Bailey was also allowed costs of the case, and Miller will pay $10 damages for interfering with the fence on the roadway. J. Boyd McBride, of MacDonald & McBride, was solicitor for Bailey; A. H. Russell, Red Deer, acting for Miller.

The ladies of Lacombe and district are cordially invited to come to the demonstration of Nabob Tea and coffee, at Arnot's all this week.

There will be a Gopher Tail Social in Brooksley school house on the last Friday in April. Boxes will be sold, and half the proceeds will be devoted to prizes for the greatest number of gopher tails brought in, and the balance to the Red Cross. Watch for further announcements.

A rare treat is in store for all music lovers. Miss Jessie Cameron, of Edmonton, will sing in the Presbyterian Church, Lacombe, on the evening of April, 16th Proceeds for Red Cross fund.

The St. John's Ambulance will meet at Mrs. P. McDonald's on Tuesday evening, April 3rd.

Sherwin-Williams Flat Tone is the only satisfactory finish which combines soft velvety, flat effects a satisfactory surface for refinishing at any time; and economy in first costs due to large covering capacity secured through extreme fineness in grinding. Get our color card. Morrison and Johnston, Ltd.

I want a quantity of potatoes. Highest cash price paid. Apply J. N. B. McDonald, Lacombe Nursery. M21-3pf

Letters received this week from Lacombe boys report all well at writing, (Feb. 22 and Mar. 2) and in good spirits. The boys of the 151st who were left in England have all been sent over now, and are in the firing line.

The Patriotic Fund acknowledges with thanks the sum of $24.05, proceeds of the Bouquet Social in Gilby Hall.

The Red Cross knitters and sewers will meet at the home of Mrs. Fortune on Friday afternoon.

The Comet reopened on Friday evening last, with C. E. Bailey in charge. Mr Bailey promises a good picture service to his patrons.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian Church will hold a ten cent tea and sale of baking at the residence of Mrs. Lothian on Saturday afternoon, 31st., from three till six o'clock.

The Red Cross acknowledges with thanks the sum of $5.80 from Geo. Hand.

The Red Cross acknowledges with thanks $1.00 from Mrs. Geo McNeill.

Alex. F. McDougall, for some years with A. Urquhart & Co., is among the late casualties, he having been killed in action early in the month. Deceased was one of Lacombe's most respected young men, and the news of his death will be received with deep regret by our citizens.

The Red Cross acknowledges with thanks the sum of $7.85, Mrs. and Miss Grace Fortune's percentage of the proceeds of Red Cross night at the Rex.

The last week for Columbia Ranges at the old price. Morrison & Johnston, Ltd.

Owing to other business interests Geo. Wallace is compelled to leave Lacombe for a year, and has rented his farm to R. H. Mooney, and will hold a sale of his live stock and dairy outfit on April 9th. See advertizement in another part of this paper.

At the Bailiff's sale at the Star Livery Stable, on Saturday, April 7th, seven head of first class horses will be sold. They are all good ones and it will pay buyers to attend. W. G. Sage, Bailiff; S. W. Paisely Auctioneer.

The Eighth Annual Convention of the Alberta Educational Association, will be held in the First Baptist Church, Calgary, from April 10th to 12th. A most interesting program is being provided. N. E. Carruthers is Secretary of the Association, and all information concerning same can be obtained from him.

The net proceeds after paying expenses, from the Dramatic Evening at Rimbey given by the Bentley talent, was $18.10, which has been donated to the Patriotic Fund.

Miss Beveridge, the Rimbey Milliner, will be pleased to have all the ladies of the district attend her Spring Millinery opening, at the Rimbey Millinery tore, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 2nd, 3rd and 4th.

One of the greatest serials placed before the public is "Liberty," the feature now appearing at the Rex on Tuesday evenings. For the past two weeks the theatre has been packed on this night, and everyone is delighted with the thrilling picture.

L. J. Fouts big sale will take place on April 3rd, and is without reserve. There is a lot of good farm stock and implements to be disposed of and a credit of twelve months will be given on good notes. Remember the date.

Girl wanted. Apply Mrs. D. L. Garland. Highest wages.

Special musical program at the Rex tonight! The celebrated 4-piece orchestra is again on the job, and patrons may be assured of good music. Axel Boode, H. Gottschlich, Miss Carlstrom, and H. Boode compose this very high-class musical aggregation. The feature tonight is "The Suburban", with King Baggot in the leading role.

Dance in Spruceville Hall on Friday night next, 30th. Don't miss it. Good music assured. Ladies please bring lunch.

Remember the dance at Spruceville hall on Friday evening.

There will be a divine service in St. Cyprian's Church on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. The Sunday school meets at 2.30. On Wednesday evening the usual Intercession Service with a short address at 7.30. The members of the Vestry will meet on Sunday after the service.

The Electric Railway

The Alberta Government has given the Lacombe and Blindman Valley Electric Railway, a further guarantee of $7,000 per mile, and the promoters of this line will proceed at once to complete it. The grading is already done as far as Rimbey, and the ties and fencing is on the ground. This will be good news for the farmers to the west of us, who have for many years been handicapped by lack of transportation facilities. We have very few particulars at hand this week, but will keep our readers fully posted on the progress of the railway. The road will in all probability be under construction within six weeks.

WILL HAVE WOOL WAREHOUSE

The Secretary of the Lacombe Wool Growers Association received last week, notice from T. R. Arkell, Assistant Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, stating that the request of the United Wool Growers Association made at their annual meeting in Calgary, last January, that a warehouse for Western Wool be established in Toronto, had been taken up by the Dominion Department of Agriculture and that it would be ready for the 1917 clip.

This will be a great boon to the wool growers of Alberta and it practically eliminates the middleman from the wool business. The promptness with which the Dominion officials arranged for the warehouse deserves our warmest appreciation and support and also shows the importance attached to the sheep industry in Western Canada. The Department will handle association wool only and that in carload lots or over. No individual clips will be accepted.

"ALADDIN—AND HIS WONDERFUL LAMP

In preparing the famous English Pantomime, Aladdin—and his Wonderful Lamp" for the Canadian tour, F. Stuart Whyte has been careful to preserve all of the traditions and business of the old show. The scenes are laid in China and the Cave of Jewels, Willow Pattern Palace, etc., have been reproduced for this production exactly as they staged it in the Drury Lane theatre in London.

"Aladdin" was given its initial Canadian presentation at the Walker Theatre on Monday evening September 25th, and will be given in its Entirety at the Comet Theatre on Wednesday April 11th.

BROOKSLEY RED CROSS

Balance in Hand	$12.50
Mrs. Boyd	.50
Mrs. Rogers, Candy sold	2.00
Mrs. Ritson, sawdust sold	1.00

The sum of $16.00 has been sent to the Red Cross, Calgary.

Several letters acknowledging receipt of parcels by our boys in France have been received, and extracts will be published next week.

MORE ENGINEERS NEEDED

The work of the Canadian Engineers in France is largely for the purpose of conserving life and reducing casualties. For that reason it is a particularly attractive branch if the service for many men.

For instance, as a result of their experience in this war, trench lay-out and construction has been considerably changed. To localize the effect of a direct hit on a portion of a front line trench, the size of traverses has been increased. In Dry weather temporary roads are constructed up to the front line trenches, which roads relieve main roads which are continually shelled by the enemy. It takes some time for the enemy to locate these temporary roads.

The Canadian Engineers is the branch of the Service for tradesmen and others qualified, who want to do their part in this great war, and at the same time use their experience and training to the greatest advantage. As a Sapper in Engineers, tradesmen will handle working parties in their trade or in some other Engineering work.

The following is a list of the tradesmen most urgently required: Blacksmiths, bricklayers, carpenters, joiners and wheelwrights, clerks, coopers, draughtsmen (architectural), electricians, engine drivers, fitters and turners, harness makers, masons, painters, plasterers and slaters, platelayers, plumbers, shoemakers, surveyers, tailors, tinsmiths; all of whom are dismounted. Drivers and shoeing and carriage smiths are mounted.

Men who will join up for the greatest of all work of conserving Canada's fighting blood can apply to:—Lieut. W. R. Smith, 102 C. P. R. building, Edmonton; Mr. F. W. Downer, Victoria Mansions, Lethbridge; Lieut. W. Parker, Recruiting Officer, Medicine Hat; or Capt. F. H. Peters, Officer Commanding. 215—8th Avenue East, Calgary, Alta.

NO CHANGE IN PRESENT MORATORIUM

"No change is contemplated in the present moratorium in regard to soldiers," Premier Sifton informed a deputation from the Alberta Protective Association that waited upon the government on Thursday morning. Very strong representations, he said, had been made that the act was being made use of by people who had no military aspirations otherwise, and were doing so absolutely for the purpose of standing of creditors. There might be cases of that kind, added the premier, but the government has not considered it necessary at this particular time to investigate the personal reasons why people joined the militia. "We hope, he commented, "it is for patriotic purposes."

FOR SALE

Two one year old Bulls ¾ Hereford ¼ Shorthorn Stock. Also my registered Hereford Bull No (18237) coming 3 years old.
A. A. Henry, Phone 204,R.

BAILIFF'S SALE

Under and by virtue of a Distress warrant issued by The Great West Life Assurance Co. to recover arrears of principal and interest on a mortgage given by James A. Pennington to Great West Life Assurance Co, and to me directed against the goods and chattels of James A. Pennington, named in the said Distress Warrant, I have seized the following goods, namely:

7 HEAD of HORSES
2 yearling Black Mares.
2 Greys about 1400 lbs.
3 Iron Greys about 1300 lbs.

Which I shall expose for sale on Saturday the 7th day of April at the Star Livery Barn, Lacombe at the hour of 2 p. m.

Dated at Red Deer March 27th 1917.

John A. McPherson
Sheriff.
W. G. Sage
Bailiff.

The Comet
Under New Management

MONDAY, APRIL 2nd.

Patrons of the Comet Theatre will be able to purchase tickets good for Seven admissions including theatre tax for $1.00. Again thanking you all for your patronage.

Coming Friday, Marguerite Clark in "Prince and Pauper."

Business Cards

MacDonald & McBride
A. M. MacDONALD, B. A. J. B. McBRIDE
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries and Conveyancers.
Solicitors for Town of Lacombe, Merchants' Bank of Canada, Union Bank of Canada, R. G. Dunn & Co., The Colonial Investment and Loan Co., Etc., Etc.
Company and Private Funds to loan on Town and Farm property.
Lacombe Office, Merchants' Bank Bldg.
P.O. Drawer 1. Phone No. 6

EDWIN H. JONES
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary.
Office:
Barnett Avenue, Lacombe, Alta

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Great Projects of Research Council

Fuel for Western Provinces and Saving Eastern Forests

The Government's Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, under the chairmanship of Dr. A. B. Macallum, has given out an important review of the subjects under consideration.

Some 40 projects, each bearing on vital phases of scientific conservation and development of Canada's natural resources, have been submitted to the Council. Each one is being carefully considered by the dozen men on the Council, with a view to applying the scientific and well-considered principles of technical research to the solution of the industrial problems of Canada, both for the present and for the future.

Some of the larger projects now in view include a comprehensive industrial census, the training and utilization in industrial establishments of "efficiency experts," the creation of technical laboratories, under State co-operation at the great industrial centres in solving their problems, the utilization and development of the latest fuel resources, particularly of the Prairie Provinces, and the preservation of the diminishing timber resources of eastern Canada.

The Council will issue questionnaries to the manufacturers, the technical societies, the various government departments, and the universities of the Dominion, asking for information with reference to the laboratories and various other agencies of research now in operation in the Dominion; the men now engaged in or available for research work; the raw materials required for our industries; the by-products produced but not at present utilized; and other matters required in the development of its work. In securing this information, the Council will work in close co-operation with the Manufacturers' Association and with the various technical societies of the Dominion. It is expected that the replies to the questionnaries will show many lines along which the Council may assist in the development of Canadian industries.

In order to develop in Canada a body of men who have been thoroughly trained in science and its application to industry—such as that which has aided so greatly in the industrial development of Germany in recent years—the Council will recommend the establishment of twenty or more studentships and fellowships in our universities and tehcnical schools, which will be given to men who have completed their regular course of study and have displayed a special aptitude for scientific research. These will enable such men to pursue a course of advanced work at college for a further period. Arrangements will also be made by which men after graduation will be placed in one or other of the great manufacturing establishments of the Dominion, where they will continue their training under the conditions of actual commercial practice. They will thus be fitted to aid in the development of the industries of the Dominion.

In order to furnish direct assistance to the manufacturing industries of Canada at once the Council is recommending the establishment at certain of the great industrial centres of the Dominion, such as Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg, in cooperation with the provincial governments or other bodies, or Industrial Research Bureaus, where a complete set of technical magazines and trade journals will be found, and where technical staffs, provided with suitable and properly equipped laboratories, will assist the manufacturers of the district in solving problems which present themselves in their factories or works.

In addition to these broad general movements for the advancement of the industries of the Dominion, the Council has decided to examine carefully a number of specific projects which have been submitted to it, and which appear to give promise of yielding valuable results. They have also decided to recommend that certain of these be at once taken up and work upon them be at once started.

Among these latter, two may be mentioned.

The first has for its object the provision of an adequate supply of good fuel for the western plains, more especially in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Manitoba. There are in the former province large supplies of lignite. This is an inferior fuel possessing a relatively low heating power, and which, furthermore, will not stand shipment and storage. It is, therefore, of comparatively little value for domestic or manufacturing purposes. The Council, however, believes that by a special treatment there may be produced from this lignite two grades of high-class briquetted fuel, one similar to anthracite or hard coal in character, and the other resembling soft coal in general character; and at the same time certain very valuable by-products may be secured. The Department of Mines and the Commission of Conservation have already carried out a good deal of investigation in connection with this problem, and the former department is now making some further studies for the Council. If they give satisfactory results, the Council will advise that an experimental plant to turn out this high-grade fuel on a commercial scale be erected, and the possibility of producing this fuel at a cost considerably lower than that at which coal from the United States is now laid down in Manitoba and Saskatchewan be demonstrated on a large scale and the coal actually placed on the market. With an abundant supply of good cheap fuel, the conditions of life on the great plains in winter will be much improved.

The other piece of work has to do with the preservation of the forests of eastern Canada. These, contrary to the opinion which prevails generally, are not inexhaustible—they have already been seriously depleted, and are rapidly deteriorating in character. In most of the leading countries of Europe the forests, whether owned by the government or by private interests, have, by the application of modern scientific knowledge, been immensely improved in character, and instead of being plundered, and then abandoned, have been converted into assets of enormous national value, and which year by year yield large revenues to the government or to their private owners which are as regular and as continuous as those from any other gilt-edged investment, the forest all the time being maintained with its capital unimpaired.

Different methods of forest management have been adopted in different parts of Europe to secure this splendid result. The Canadian forests present special problems of their own. The Council has recommended that certain investigations be at once carried out through the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior to ascertain which of these methods can best be applied to the Canadian forests for the purpose of stopping the destruction which now threatens them and making them a great and permanent source of wealth to the people of the Dominion.

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Dumb Victims of the War

Appalling Loss of Horses on Battle Fronts of Europe

"It is almost impossible for the mind to grasp the enormous wastage in horseflesh on the battle fronts of Europe," remarked Thomas Stevens, of Montreal, a capitalist who has supplied the French government with many horses in the last two years. "If you have never seen 2,500 horses in a bunch you cannot perhaps understand what a great number of animals that total makes. It has been estimated by the military experts of France that the wastage—and by wastage is meant the animals either killed or injured, and not death from natural causes—in the last two years on the west front was between forty-five and forty-seven thousand a month for every mile. In the first night of the drive at Verdun in eight hours there was a wastage of 5,011 on the three-mile front.

"Every eight miles along the west front there is a horse hospital. The percentage of horses in these hospitals is approximately 27 placed there for sickness, and from 68 to 72 per cent. because of injuries. The United States has supplied a large number of the horses used by the armies of the Allies. At the beginning of the war the French had about 525,000 horses, and the Germans approximately 720,000. The Allies, of course, have purchased many thousands of horses from the United States and Canada. The supply used by Germany came mostly from Austria-Hungary and Norway and Sweden.

"Since October, 1914, there have been shipped from this country to France and England about 2,815,000 horses. The French government has paid to exporters through New York for these animals something like 380 million dollars. Yet the United States still has a large supply of good horses left—not the cavalry kind, but for field and heavy artillery purposes."

Earth May Go Up in Smoke

Scientist Thinks There Is Sufficient Radium Deposits to do Job

Nearly 1,900 years ago St. Peter wrote in the third chapter of his second epistle:

But the day of the Lord will come as a thief in the night; in which the heavens shall pass away with a great noise, and the elements shall melt with fervent heat, the earth also and the works that are therein shall be burned up.

And today, writing in the Electrical Experimenter, H. Gernsback says:

If we place a thermometer into a phial containing a minute quantity of radium bromide; the purest commercial radium, the mercury will indicate a temperature 2.7 degrees hotter than the temperature outside of the phial. The heat radiated from one speck of radium bromide does not grow less as the days and months, nay, years and centuries roll by.

In order better to comprehend what this means, let us compare it with coal. This is what we find:

According to Prof. Soddy, a gram of pure radium evolves 133 calories of heat an hour. In one year (8,760 hours) the same gram of radium evolves 1,160,000 calories. In 2,500 years—the length of time radium will evolve energy—2,900,000,000 calories will be developed, while a gram of coal evolves 2,200 calories of heat.

And radium is by no means as scarce as most people believe. Radium eminations have been found in springs, in the air, in rocks, etc., and this has given rise to an extraordinary theory regarding the evolution of the worlds.

When the famous Swiss-Italian Simplon tunnel was constructed some years ago, totally unforseen circumstances arose which made the work most difficult. Although this tunnel is far above sea level, the heat became unendurable as the work progressed. Artificial cooling had to be resorted to in order to allow the workmen to proceed with their work. Prof. Jolly then made the discovery that the rocks of the Simplon contained radium, which accounted for the unexpected high temperature within the mountain.

From this Joly has built up a new theory of evolution, and while revolutionary in the extreme it is most plausible and gains more adherents each year.

Lord Kelvin deduced that if the earth contained only two parts of radium per million million—and a great deal more is actually found in the rocks and crust of our globe—this minute quantity would raise the temperature of the earth's core 1,800 degrees C. in 100,000,000 years. There being no escape for the imprisoned heat—the earth's crust being an exceedingly bad heat conductor—Prof. Joly argues with us that as the ages roll by the interior of the earth must become hotter and hotter. Finally after the end of millions of years, the crust must give way to this tremendous heat from within and the bursting earth must go up in flames, becoming a burning gas ball, just as we see our sun today.

Safety First

A rather critical old lady once said to Marion Crawford: "Have you ever written anything, Mr. Crawford, that will live after you are gone?"

"Madame," Crawford replied, politely, "what I am trying to do is to write something that will enable me to live while I am here."—Exchange.

Her Father—Do you think you can make my daughter happy, sir?

Suitor—Why, I have already, haven't I? I've asked her to marry me.—Boston Transcript.

The Aristocrat of Dairymen

Canadian Butter Can Now Compete With all Comers Without a Handicap

Marked expansion and a phenomenal development in the dairying industry of Alberta were two things emphasized at the Alberta Dairymen's convention at Calgary recently. Last year's production of butter in the province, from 15 creameries reporting, had been 8,400,000 pounds, an increase of over a million pounds over the previous year's production. The increase in cheese production was even more marked, 680,000 pounds having been produced in 1916 against 18,000 pounds in 1906.

In connection with this convention, a Calgary newspaper takes the opportunity of voicing what western Canada, as every country of the world, owes to the Dane, the aristocrat of dairymen wherever he goes. "For years," says the Morning Albertan, "Denmark has monopolized the choicest markets of Great Britain for high-grade butter. Cold storage facilities have enabled Canada to compete with Denmark to some extent, but the finer flavor, the superior quality and the better keeping properties of the standardized product of the highly organized industry of Denmark has always given the Danish butter preference. Once out of cold storage, the Canadian butter deteriorated. Canadians attempted the methods of pasteurization, in which the Danes were so successful, but they failed. They did succeed in making a better butter than they could make from raw cream, but it was characterized by a 'fishy' flavor, never to be forgotten on a sensitive palate. Montreal shipments became notorious with the trade for a 'twang.'

"For some years all the resources of the dairy division of the department of agriculture have been devoted to experiments to overcome this. Every province has taken what steps it could in the matter. It remained for the dairy commissioner of Alberta, Mr. C. Marker, working in cooperation with the creameries and buttermakers of this young province, to overcome all obstacles in the course of a single year. A few months ago a carload of Alberta butter went to the old country and established the fact that henceforth Canadian butter can compete with all comers without a handicap. The notorious 'twang' is forever eliminated. In two years Alberta has captured her own market, the market of the coast, and the markets of Toronto and Montreal with her butter of superior flavor and keeping qualities.

"The dairy commissioner began by introducing the most up-to-date scientific methods of grading and standardizing cream and butter in every creamery throughout the province, just as soon as the dimensions of the industry warranted such regulation. After that he began a series of experiments, through the buttermakers in various creameries. To them he outlined the basic principles and directed the course to be pursued. Early in 1916, the perfect method was evolved. Since then Alberta creameries have manufactured 8,400,000 pounds of butter with the highest percentage of special grade ever produced in Canada. Alberta has become the peacemaker of the Dominion. The dairymen of Alberta have given a demonstration of successful co-operation which is in itself a wonderful thing and an augury for the future of this province.

"Such an achievement is an enviable pedestal for any public official. It crowns Mr. Marker's 16 and more years of patient effort in this office with complete success. It is a gift of service to empire, the patriotism of which cannot be measured.

"It is perhaps not out of place to note here one significant fact. Mr. Marker, in the official service of Alberta and loyal to Canada, is by birth a Dane. Associated with him in his successful enterprise are a considerable number of his fellow-countrymen who are among the most efficient dairymen and best citizens of this province. To the Danish-Canadian leadership of Mr. Marker, and the loyal and intelligent perserverance of his compatriots, the Dominion of Canada owes one of the most important achievements in its dairy industry in many years."

In the Form of a Parable

Wherein the Citizen Had all the Chances Against Him

A man notorious as a killer called up the police and said:

"If any citizen walks down the street without wearing a red and white blazer I shall step out from my hiding place and shoot him."

This threat was noised about, and one citizen who had business away from home went to the police for advice. After five days the police answered:

"We shall not send a policeman with you, as has been suggested. You have a perfect right to walk the streets."

The citizen inquired what would happen if the author of the threat made it good. The police replied:

"Manifestly, you will be shot. As for our action, that is something to be decided after the act. You may be sure that we will then take vigorous steps."

This closed the conversation, leaving the citizen just where he had been five days before.—New York Sun.

Post Orderly (to last-joined recruit, whose letters, addressed "Mr. Jones," having caused the former much trouble in discovering the right owner)—My lad, every man has a rank. You must tell your friends to put 'Private' on your letters.

Very good Sergeant.

The next letters arrived: "Strictly Private—Mr. Jones."

"Good-bye, Simpkins! I've been thinking a mighty heap about you lately, Simpkins."

The bore's face relaxed. "Ah!" said he, returning.

Ransom waved him back wildly, crying: "I've been thinking a mighty heap about you lately, Simpkins, but don't come back, Simpkins, don't come back!"

Scientists to Help Farmers

Fuel and Water Supply of the Western Provinces to be Investigated

Two problems of importance to the west are engaging the attention of the Dominion Council for Scientific and Industrial Research. A water supply and fuel supply are of the greatest importance to the prairie and to assist in furnishing these is a part of the work of the scientists who have been called by the government to direct the development of our resources.

To make the lignite areas of the prairie furnish a suitable and adequate supply of fuel is now being carefully studied. Experts are selecting the best known system of briquetting, and when this has been decided upon an experimental plant will be installed in one of the lignite fields. Another member of the scientific and industrial research committee is studying the possibility of obtaining an ample water supply for sections of the prairie by artesian wells. In Southern Alberta there are just grounds for the hope that this section will in time have an artesian water supply.

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He Wants the Cold Truth

When a man lands out of bed on a cold floor and goes down into a cold kitchen to start a fire in a cold stove, and walks down into a cold cellar to shake the furnace, and then looks at the family thermometer to find that its only 15 degrees below zero, can you blame him for wanting to blow in a quarter for a new thermometer that will tell the truth?—Guelph Mercury.

Mrs. Youngbride—If you have a nice fresh lamb, I'd like the chops please.

Butcher—We killed a lamb only yesterday, ma'm. How many chops would you like?

Mrs. Youngbride—How many? Why, I thought a lamb had only two.

"Gracious, how close it is in here! Let's go out."

"But, my dear, the orchestra will change the air in a minute."

On the Western Front

Everything Indicates the Ascendancy of the Franco-British Armies

I will simply record the impression that nearly every such observer carries away with him, namely, that on the western front—in effect, the only land front of final consequence—the main issue is decided. It must be taken for what it is worth. War is an immense complex of moral and material conditions. At the front you see one side of the material issue. You do not see the other. You have the reports which you hope and believe are the true ones; you have not the reports that may set the special facts you note or are detailed to you in a different light. But one thing you can discern, for it is borne in on you with every wind of the spirit that blows. A force of increasing power, mobility, morale, stands against a force decreasing relatively in all these particulars. The tests of this assertion? They are many. Today the Franco-British armies are an essentially unharrassed body of soldiers and workers, pursuing their many tasks of transport, fortification, artillery menace and preparation, with little interruption from the enemy. The German armies are an essentially harrassed body. Their trenches, batteries, lines of communication, are more constantly under fire from a greater number of guns, and are more often raided, as the result of offensive actions, small and great, a heavy drain of prisoners and a considerable and growing stream of deserters, whose excuses for finding their way from their lines to ours fail to cover the truth that they are sick of the war. No such diminution affects the other. The fiercer pressure of the grand assault has been such as to cause a loss in the battles of the Somme which a calculation, based on the German statistics, fixes at 700,000 men, drawn from over 130 divisions—all passed through the fire of these engagements. There is not a comparable total of British and French losses.

The general effect of annoyance and attrition reflects itself, again, in the nervous, homesick, desperately weary and unhappy tone of the letters of the German soldiers and the physical condition of the prisoners. The armies thus assailed are not so well-fed as they were, nor as regularly supplied. As our gun-power grows and the "strafing" of the German trenches is pursued through this wet and lowering winter—thus far the worst of the three—there must be further slips in the yielding morale of their wonderful organization. I witnessed one of these annoying actions, and was assured that it was typical. The German artillery reply was hardly noticeable. All along the line the roll of our fire hardly stops; and its severity and power of concentration are fed from a steadily broadening stream of supply which grows more mobile, and qualifies the static character of the front. In the earlier stages of the war the endurance was usually on our side, the punishment on theirs. Their policy of reserving fire is, of course, a plan of economy for the spring battles; but it implies a long and grave discouragement of their much tried ranks."—By H. W. M. in London Nation.

Germany and Neutral Public Opinion

Hun Conduct Is a Perpetual Affront to Civilization

Germany was disqualified for making a favorable impression on neutrals by the deeply-ingrained contempt of German officialdom for public opinion. In the German official view public opinion is to be formed, not by thinking but by telling people what to think. The official view is promulgated and well disciplined Germany accepts it, but with western nations, used to a free press, the system fails. Moreover, the whole German theory and practice of war, including the assault on Belgium, the bombing of cities, the sinking of the Lusitania, the shooting of Edith Cavell and the deportations of civilians, was framed with absolute disregard for what outsiders might think; how could it be imagined that words would offset deeds? The German propaganda has been clumsy enough, but if it had been far more adroit it could hardly have conciliated opinion abroad while Germany's conduct was a perpetual affront to civilization.—Springfield Republican.

The Troublesome Bore

Matt. W. Ransome, once Senator from North Carolina, made politeness a point of conscience. One day he saw the very worst bore of his acquaintance, and, with a short "How dy-do?" brushed swiftly past. The bore, evidently hurt, proceeded sadly. Ransom's conscience smote him. After ten steps he turned, and with a pleasant smile called back:

Broker Graynes—Lamb wants us to sell ten thousand bushels short for him. He's looking for a drop.

Partner—Um! How much can he afford to drop?

Military Hospital Lantern Slides

Fear That Wounded Men Do Not Receive Proper Treatment Is Dispelled

An Ontario minister the other day borrowed from the Military Hospitals Commission a set of lantern slides. These slides show what goes on at the hospitals and sanatoria. That is, they show something of how our injured soldiers are being restored to health and to power for self-support, however serious their injuries may be. The minister exhibited the slides at three country churches under his charge. In returning the set he writes:

"My recording steward, who is also the postmaster and chairman of the local recruiting league, says they should be shown in every community. They meet the unrest in many families who have feared that the maimed who return will be forced to sell lead pencils or such like.

"What I should have done was to ask for them a longer period and put them on in every available church in this district. A man with a well prepared lecture and a few local slides could render a valuable service to the country, both in allaying the unrest above referred to and in removing the prejudice in some families from which recruits might be secured."

Some people get shot, some get shell. An actor and a retired army man were discussing the perils of their respective callings.

"How would you like to stand there with shells bursting round you?" the soldier demanded.

"Well," replied the other, "it depends upon the age of the egg!"

Murderer—Is this the guy who is to defend me?

Judge—Yes, he's your lawyer.

Murderer—If he should die could I have another?

Judge—Yes.

Murderer—Can I see him alone for a few minutes?

Mistress—Mary, why didn't you finish winding the clock? You only gave it a couple of turns.

Mary—You must remember that I'm leaving you tomorrow, mum, and I'll not be after doin' any of th' new girl's work.

Water Powers of Western Provinces

Valuable Report Just Issued by Commissioner of Conservation

"Water Powers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta," a well-bound and attractively illustrated volume just issued by the Commission of Conservation, forms a valuable contribution to the authentic literature respecting the natural resources of Western Canada. This report, by Leo G. Denis and J. B. Challies, comprises the results of special surveys by the Commission of Conservation and a compilation of records from other reliable sources. As a compendium of all available data on the subject, it is particularly valuable for reference purposes.

While the Prairie Provinces, as a whole, are not lavishly endowed with water-powers, the report demonstrates that the utility of their rivers for power developments can be vastly enhanced through proper storage of flood waters. At present, in the absence of conservation dams, and of adequate natural regulations, the great volume of flow is lost during high water seasons. Methods of development to ensure the maximum utilization are now being carefully worked out on the Winnipeg, Bow and other large rivers. The more northerly regions possess numerous sites of great potential value for pulp, electro-chemical and other special industries.

The report just issued is the second in the series on water-powers in Canada to be published by the Commission of Conservation. The third volume, "Water Powers of British Columbia," which is now in press, will complete the Commission's general inventory of this item of the Dominion's natural wealth.

She was a green girl just landed from the old country, and it was her first day at her new place. When her master and mistress sat down to dinner the latter said: "Oh, Mary, bring the catsup, please." So Mary went downstairs and brought them up—both of 'em.

The Light That Failed

"I can't understand why Jenkins and his wife fell out. She used to call him the light of her life."

"Yes, so she did, but he went out too often."

Extremely Severe

Dyspepsia

Halifax (N.S.) Sergeant in the C.E.F. Cured Completely by Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

SERGEANT DUNCAN MacNEIL, of the CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, writing from Europe (his home address is 116, PLEASANT STREET, HALIFAX, N.S.) says:—

"For six years I suffered from frequent attacks of Dyspepsia, each attack being more acute than the last. During one of these attacks life would become almost unbearable, and I would have to regulate my diet to liquid foods only, often being in bed for days at a time. I was under the care of a Physician, and tried all the remedies on the market, spending a small fortune, but obtained little or no relief. I became utterly discouraged, and had almost given up all hope of Cure.

Sgt. MacNeil.

"When the war broke out I joined the Expeditionary Force and came to England. I had not been long there, however, when my old trouble returned, and I had to go to hospital. While in hospital a friend told me of Dr. Cassell's Tablets, and I decided to try them. The first box brought such pronounced relief that I continued the treatment. To make a long story short, complete cure was effected.

"Since taking Dr. Cassell's Tablets I have been through hardships almost beyond human endurance, but not once has my old trouble returned to bother me."

The above is the frank, clear testimony of a Canadian soldier. He has been cured of extremely severe dyspepsia, which even the healthful life of the training ground could not overcome, and he wishes to tell others that he owes that cure to Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets

FREE SAMPLE. On receipt of 5 cents to cover mailing and packing, a generous free sample will be sent at once. Address: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul-street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are Nutritive, Restorative, Alterative, and Anti-Spasmodic, and the recognised remedy for

Nervous Breakdown	Sleeplessness	Mal-nutrition
Nerve Paralysis	Anæmia	Wasting Diseases
Infantile Weakness	Kidney Trouble	Palpitation
Neurasthenia	Dyspepsia	Vital Exhaustion

Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the Critical Periods of life.

Sold by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One tube, 50 cents; six tubes for the price of five. War tax, 2 cents per tube extra.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

The New Series **CHEVROLET FOUR-NINETY**

The best steel, and genuine highest grade materials forged, cast or welded into shape by modern machines of scientific accuracy insure the high efficiency of the **CHEVROLET Four-Ninety.**

The resiliency of the chassis, the pliancy of the supporting springs and fine upholstery insure comfort.

Our mammoth production and efficiency methods makes possible the low price of

$695. f. o. b. OSHAWA

including Electric Lights and Starter.

THERE is a CHEVROLET Dealer in your locality anxious to give you a demonstration. See him before you buy your 1917 car. Write to Oshawa for a new catalogue showing all Chevrolet Models.

CHEVROLET

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED
OSHAWA, CANADA.
WESTERN SERVICE & DISTRIBUTING BRANCH, Regina, Sask.

GILLETT'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL

It not only softens the water but with the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

No Invisible Ink Messages Permitted

Rigid Regulations Provide Also For Examination of Persons and Baggage

An order in council has been passed under the war measures act making it a criminal offence for any person to send from Canada by post or otherwise "any letter, document, or substance containing any written matter which is not visible or legible unless the medium in which it is written is subjected to heat or some other treatment, or any letter, document or substance in which any other means for secretly communicating information is used."

Other provisions of the order apply to falsification of passports, etc.

It is also provided that any person arriving in or departing from Canada may be required to make a declaration as to whether or not he is carrying or conveying any letters or other written messages intended to be transmitted by post or otherwise delivered, and, if so required, shall produce to the person making the requisition any such letters or messages and the competent naval or military authority or person authorized by him, or immigration officer, customs officer, or police officer may search any such person and any baggage with a view to ascertaining whether such person or the person to whom the baggage belongs is carrying or conveying any such letters or messages. The authorized officer may examine any letters or other messages so produced or found on such search, and may transmit them to an officer appointed to censor postal correspondence.

Why Our Potatoes Are Dear

Reported That Enormous Quantities Have Been Shipped to Cuba

Canadians will find food for serious reflection in a statement sent to the Department of Trade and Commerce from Cuba by J. C. Manzer, who represents that department and the New Brunswick government there. He tells of the enormous quantities of Canadian potatoes that have been shipped to Havana. He says:

"The arrivals of potatoes this week at the port of Havana amounted to 21,508 sacks and barrels. The entire shipment came from New Brunswick, and it was necessary to put on an additional steamer from Boston in order to handle this large quantity; shipments were sold for $135,552 at Havana, and are the most valuable Canadian shipments of potatoes that ever arrived in one week.

"During the five months ending January 30, when shipments of the 1916 crop have been coming forward, Canada has shipped to Cuba 250,000 sacks and barrels of potatoes, which were sold for upwards of $1,400,000."

Yet Great Britain, the allies and Canada herself are short of potatoes.

An Enduring Blockade

Germany's submarine war may or may not break the war blockade that has been erected against her, but whether it does or not, it will erect against her a permanent blockade far wider in extent, a blockade which will leave its mark on Germany's commerce till long after the men who are misleading her into her insane course are dead and gone. For it will not be a blockade that can be slipped by a government order from the cabinets of the allies; it will be a blockade erected in the minds of men the world over whose she has tried to make fear her and who will have learned to hate her.—New York Times.

"Oh, I just love animals; don't you?" gurgled the sweet young thing.

"Sure. Let's have a Welsh rabbit," said the accommodating youth.—Princeton Tiger.

Have You Ever Suspected

that the cause of various annoying ills might lie in the daily cup of tea or coffee?

A sure and easy way out of tea and coffee troubles is to shift to

Instant Postum

There's no caffeine nor anything harmful in this delightful, pure food-drink—just the nourishing goodness of wheat.

Postum has put thousands of former tea and coffee drinkers on the Road to Wellville.

"There's a Reason"

Ian Hay on Preparedness

Captain Beith Points Out What Lack of It Has Cost Britain

National training for America? There I am neither qualified nor entitled to offer advice. I know the difficulties with which the true American has to contend in this matter. I know that this vast country of yours is more of a continent than a country, and that so long as your enormous tide of immigration continues it will be a matter of immense difficulty to develop a national sense of personal responsibility.

I also know that your Middle West is inhabited by people, many of whom have never even seen the sea, who are rendered incapable by their environment of realizing the imminency of the external dangers and I see how dangerous it would be to enforce upon them a measure which they regard as odious.

But on this great subject of preparedness I can refer you to the case of my own country—not as an example, but as a warning. We were caught unprepared. In consequence we had to sacrifice our best, our very best, the kind that can never be replaced in any country, just because they hurried to the rescue and allowed themselves to be swiped out, while the country behind them was being aroused and prepared. That is the price that we have paid, and no ultimate victory, however glorious, can recompense us for that criminal waste of the flower and pride of our youth and manhood at the outset.

A Simple and Cheap Medicine.—A simple, cheap and effective medicine is something to be desired. There is no medicine so effective a regulator of the digestive system as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are simple, they are cheap, they can be got anywhere and their beneficial action will prove their recommendation. They are the medicine of the poor man and those who wish to escape doctor's bills will do well in giving them a trial.

Canadian Soldiers Grow Vegetables

Canadian units in England have been ordered to turn their activities partially to vegetable growing this spring, with a view to augmentation of the supply of home-grown food. Suitable plots on camp districts are to be cultivated by the soldiers.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Woman Gets Military Medal

Has Done Valiant and Valuable Work in the Face of Danger

For the first time in history a woman has won the Military Medal, and it has been awarded to her "for bravery in the field."

She is Staff Nurse Catherine Margaret Carruthers, of the Territorial Force Nursing Service, and the honor now awarded to her is announced officially in the London Gazette.

Sir Douglas Haig mentioned her in his dispatch of November 25 last. Nurse Carruthers was bravely carrying on her work of mercy, calmly caring for wounded in very dangerous circumstances in a "hot" region in France. She was eventually slightly wounded by a shell which burst near the spot where she was on duty. The courageous nurse has now recovered and has resumed her work among the wounded fighters.

Miss Carruthers, whose home is in Ireland, was trained at the Royal Infirmary, Glasgow.

She afterwards joined the Territorial Force, and was posted for duty at the 4th Territorial Hospital, Glasgow, a few days after the war began. Some months later she went to France where she has been doing valuable work in the face of danger.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Platinum $100 per Ounce

War Has Almost Completely Cut Off the Supply

The war in Europe has cut off the supply of platinum. In December this heaviest of metals reached the unprecedented price of $100 an ounce—four times the price in 1906, and more than four times the value of an ounce of gold. The warring nations have forbidden their citizens to export platinum, because it is used in making munitions, and the consequent shortage has greatly inconvenienced manufacturers of fine jewelry and of electrical, photographic, dental and surgical supplies. In Germany many manufacturers have already substituted where they can an alloy of rhodium and palladium, two other metals of the platinum family. Instead of platinum wire American manufacturers of electrical supplies are using for the lead-inwires in electric lamps wire made of nickel-chromium, metallic tungsten or molybdenum. For the ignition points of spark plugs they are using tungsten and for the resistance wires of electric furnaces, molybdenum. Most of the platinum comes from a comparatively small area in Russia among the Ural mountains where the metal occurs in deposits of alluvial gravel along the banks and beneath the beds of the rivers.

Not Quite Fair

Two Lancashire men had a fishing match at Scarborough for a half a sovereign a side. One of them, fancying he had a bite, was so eager about it that he fell head-first into the water. So the other man shouted out:

"That's not fair Bill! The bet's off. I can beat thee at fair fishing, but I'm not going to stand thee diving in after 'em!"—Tit-Bits.

The diamond mining industry in Arkansas, which dates back only to August, 1906, has reached interesting proportions.

Sin and Sinners

Analysis of Motives That Precipitated the World War

Taking human nature as it is, it is manifestly difficult to discuss peace without keeping steadily in view how and why peace was broken in August, 1914. One side wanted peace and the other did not want it. The record is plain. The conclusions that must be drawn from it no longer seem seriously contradicted even by those who argue in favor of an inconclusive peace. It is said that Germany was so convinced that she was justified in drawing her sword, but threw it back into her present cronies were begging her to accept arbitration and adjustment is admitted. If there is sincere belief that this fact has lessened her guilt, may justify the demand for an immediate laying down of arms. But if one believes, as Mr. Balfour does, that this means such a condonation of evil doings as will stimulate other evil doing, it is not easy to make peace decrees accord with the prime precepts. Religion admonishes us to forgive the sinner, but nowhere in any moral code is there injunction to avoid condemnation of sin.—New York Globe.

CHILBLAINS

Quickly and Quickly Cured with

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

Sold by All Dealers

DOUGLAS & CO., PORT HOPE, ONT.

The Mind of a German Soldier

Only Hope for Fatherland Is Destruction of the War Party

Here is an extract from the diary of a German soldier of the 3rd Kraatz regiment, taken prisoner in France, published in the Manchester Guardian:

"The war is a low, scoundrelly affair. The German government deceives the people. One sees it very clearly in this wholesale murder. One can hardly help being ashamed of being a German. Since we put up with this we must turn our rifles round and destroy the whole government. That gang have caused us to be killed. Remember this, if I don't come back, dear Greta. It is already quite clear that Germany is losing and gambling into a horrible state."

It would be a hopeful thing for Germany and the world if this feeling were widespread. The men who are actually in the fighting can do little to make their convictions and their influence count. But perhaps a day of retribution is coming.—Toronto Star.

Information on Crop Production

In connection with the campaign for maximum crop production, the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa has established an information bureau. It is felt that for the greatest success it will be necessary to supplement and follow up the campaign by affording some means whereby the department may remain in the closest touch possible with the producers, so that when difficulties arise its resources may be placed promptly at his disposal.

Doubts the Saying

"I don't believe that time is money, do you?"

"No; I usually have time to spare."

Guard Your Baby's Health

Cheerful, Chubby Children Make the Home Happy

Weak, puny babies are a constant care to tired mothers and are subject to many diseases that do not affect healthy children.

Keep your children in good health. See that their bowels move regularly—especially during the teething period. This is a distressing time in the life of every child and the utmost precaution should be taken to keep them well and strong.

By the consistent use of

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

it is possible to avoid many childish ills now so prevalent.

It is a corrective for diarrhœa, colic and other infantile ailments. It soothes the fretting baby and permits the child to sleep well and grow healthy. It brings comfort and relief to both child and mother.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Makes Cheerful, Chubby Children

Is absolutely non-narcotic. It contains no opium, morphine nor any of their derivatives. It is soothing, pleasant and harmless. For generations mothers in all parts of the world have used it and millions of babies have been benefited by it.

Buy a bottle today and have it handy

Relieve and Protect Your Children

Sold by all druggists in Canada and throughout the world

Mother's Troubles

Mother's unending work and devotion drains and strains her physical strength and leaves its mark in dimmed eyes and careworn expressions—she ages before her time.

Any mother who is weary and languid should start taking

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PUREST COD LIVER OIL

as a strengthening food and bracing tonic to add richness to her blood and build up her nerves before it is too late. Start SCOTT'S today—its fame is world-wide.

No Harmful Drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 16-4

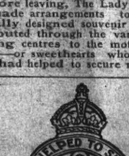
Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve

Open Letter to the Women of Canada From Lady Gwendolen Guinness

Captain the Hon. Rupert Guinness, A.D.C., C.B., C.M.G., R.N.V.R., Senior Officer of the Royal Naval Reserve, and his wife, Lady Gwendolen Guinness sailed a few weeks ago for England after having spoken in almost every town of any size in Canada from Sydney and Halifax on the Atlantic, to Vancouver and Victoria on the Pacific.

Their aim was to organize committees to secure recruits for the Overseas Division of the Royal Canadian Volunteer Reserve, and the work which they launched and which was unreservedly helped along by the Hon. Mr. Hazen for the Canadian government, has already had splendid results, and hundreds of good recruits have joined the navy under the auspices of the R. N. V. R.

Before leaving, The Lady Gwendolen made arrangements to have a specially designed souvenir pendant distributed through the various recruiting centres to the mothers, or wives—or sweethearts whose influence had helped to secure recruits.



This pendant is a very pretty one of silver, bearing the words the motto "I helped to serve."

The badge is now, we are informed, being distributed by the committees and will doubtless be worn by many women as a badge of honor, as well as a souvenir of their loved ones. The illustration gives some idea of its general appearance, and the following is the open letter written by her Ladyship:

To the Women of Canada:

In a journey throughout the provinces of Canada, from Atlantic to Pacific, I have had the opportunity of personally witnessing the splendid spirit and unstinting work of patriotic women everywhere in the Dominion.

I am convinced that here, as in Great Britain, the debt which is owed by the women of the Empire to our navy is not forgotten.

The iron hand of naval dominion alone shields us from the ruthlessness of an enemy who has not scrupled to make war on the helpless and defenceless. The power of the navy protects our homes on their journey to the battlefields, and preserves our homes in safety and prosperity. Recognizing this debt, I am sure that every Canadian woman will do her utmost to secure that support for naval defence which has been asked for from Canada.

I am asking every woman who obtains a recruit for the Overseas Division of the Royal Naval Canadian Volunteer Reserve to accept a small silver badge, as a souvenir of her effort and sacrifice towards upholding the cause of humanity and civilization, and against the struggle in which we are all engaged to a speedy and a triumphant issue.

(Signed)

GWENDOLEN GUINNESS

The new menace of unreserved Hun piracy adds further interest to the campaign for naval recruits and enforces the necessity of increasing naval effort, and it is hoped that a still more generous response will be given to the naval recruiting committees call.

In the meantime, we feel we voice the feelings of many of our readers in extending our thanks to the Lady Gwendolen for the happy thought her gift embodies and to Captain Guinness and herself for their tireless exertions on behalf of the cause.

The German Policy

The truest view of German action, as tested by events, has been that of those who have considered the German state as all head and no heart. Its apologies for its actions baffle the understanding, but the actions themselves are only difficult to explain if we look for motives which to the German theory are excluded, such as pity, scruple or good faith. The actual decision is in terms of actual forces, so that the problem is objective, and the psychological question involved, instead of being deep is in reality almost eliminated; it is conceivable that a decision by the German state might be reached by a calculating machine—Springfield Republican.

A Russian machine gun captured by the Germans and afterwards recaptured from the Germans on the western front by a patrol of a Port Arthur (Ontario) battalion, is being forwarded as a war gift to Port Arthur.

Lady Mackworth's Success

Takes Over Yet Another New Business for Father

Lady Mackworth, daughter of Baron Rhondda, of Wales, who has been called the most successful English business woman, has recently taken over the management of a large German drug business in England which her father purchased at auction a few months ago.

Baron Rhondda, now in the Lloyd George cabinet as president of the Local Government Board, is known as "the British coal king." He has much faith in woman's business ability. His wife, the Baroness Rhondda, is manager of a mineral water company at Fulham. His reliance upon his daughter's business skill was illustrated in 1915, when, during the absence in Canada in connection with the organization of the supply of munitions, he entrusted her with the management of his entire business in Great Britain.

"I am a firm believer in woman's capacity for business," said Lady Mackworth in an interview last year. "and I look forward to the time when 'Smith and Daughter' will excite no more comment over the entrance of a business house than does 'Smith and Son' today."

He Feels He Owes His Life To Them

TELEGRAPHED 200 MILES FOR DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sandy Goulette, Now Strong and Hearty, Tells How He Found Health After the Doctors Had Given Him Up.

Old Fort Bay, Labradore, Que.—(Special)—"Do I believe in Dodd's Kidney Pills? Well, I telegraphed two hundred miles to get two boxes of them." The speaker was Sandy Goulette, and old settler here. Nor did Mr. Goulette require to be pressed to tell the rest of his story.

"I was swollen out of shape from head to foot. I was so short of breath I could hardly speak. The doctor could do nothing for me. The minister gave me the holy sacrament and a good priest came and told me I could not live much longer.

"Then I telegraphed for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I took three pills the night they came and I got relief before morning. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me. I am able to do my day's work now as well as I was ten years ago.

Mr. Goulette offers to answer any letters written to him regarding his case. He feels that he owes his health, if not his life, to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Exe—I'm going down town this morning.

Exe—Shopping, my dear?

Mrs. Exe—No. I haven't time for that; just to buy some things that I need.

Miller's Worm Powders can do no injury to the most delicate child. Any child, infant or in the state of adolescence, who is infested with worms can take this preparation without misgiving, it is safe, and will find in it a sure relief and a full protection from these destructive pests, which are responsible for much sickness and great suffering to legions of little ones.

Englishmen and Americans

Attitude of Friendliness Is Unwittingly Expressed

The attitude of the average Englishman towards Americans was unwittingly expressed by a country constable who, in the early days of the war, was going about putting up notices informing aliens that they must register with the police. On his round he met an American, and in the course of the ensuing conversation quite casually mentioned the purpose of Bab's journey. "Yes," he said, "that means I must go and register." The constable looked at him in astonishment. "That's for aliens," he said. "Yes," said the American, "but I am an alien." The constable looked very thoughtful for a moment, and then said slowly and with an intonation of doubt, "Well, I suppose an American is an alien but I never thought of it that way before."—London Chronicle.

A little girl was dipping her dolly's pinafore in a basin. So her father, who had been watching her, said:

"What are you doing, Nellie?"

"I'm trying to dye dolly's pinafore red, papa."

"Red! And what are you dying it with?"

"Beer, papa."

"Beer! Why, whoever told you beer was a dye?"

"I heard mama say it was beer that made your nose so red, so I thought—"

"Here, Mary, take this child away."

CHAPPED HANDS AND COLD SORES

Are your hands chapped, cracked, or sore? Have you "cold cracks" which open and bleed when the skin is drawn tight? Have you a sore nipple, frost bite, or chilblains, which at times makes it agony for you to go about your duties? Use Zam-Buk will give you relief, and will heal the frost-damaged skin.

Miss B. Stroyes, of East Hansford, N.B., writes: "My hands were so badly chapped I was unable to put them in water. All remedies failed to heal them. I tried Zam-Buk. Perseverance with this balm completely healed the sores."

Zam-Buk heals cuts, burns, bruises, eczema, sores, abscesses, blood poisoning, cold sores, frost bites, and all skin diseases and injuries. Keep a box handy. At all druggists and stores, 50c. box.

ZAM-BUK GIVES QUICK RELIEF

GREAT EUROPEAN REMEDY FOR CATARRH, COUGHS, COLDS, DEAFNESS, AND HEAD NOISES

Few people realize what a serious disease Catarrh really is. It weakens the system, it sets in to lay the foundation for Consumption, it makes life miserable. Catarrh is a disease of the blood and the only possible way to cure it is by treating the blood. Dodd's Catarrh Powders act through the system by treating the blood and the disease begins to disappear. Catarrh has been successful in many cases because it acts directly upon the blood and mucous membranes.

To be able to breathe freely, to hear plainly, to be free from and cured of the loathsome disease, to be able to sleep soundly, to be refreshed and strong and with head and throat free from phlegm and mucous, that makes life worth living.

For your own sake give Parmelee a trial—and with your whole system crying for relief, remember the remedy can be had at any druggist's for 75c. per box.

Any druggist can supply you, or a bottle will be sent—prepaid at 75c. per box—on receipt of money order. Address International Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Canada.

France to Use Manitoba Seed Wheat

Experiments Prove Quick Germination and This Seed Strongly Recommended

Manitoba wheat growing experiments have been extensively carried out under the patronage of the recognized municipal government syndicates in southern France, especially in the departments of Var, Vaucluse, Gard and Bassis Pyrenees, and have met with such unqualified success that the southern and southwestern farming syndicates have, by means of the press, pamphlets and public meetings, strongly urged upon the farmers all over the district watered by the lower Rhine and Garonne and Gironde and comprising a most fertile district two-fifths the total area of France, to use Manitoba wheat for spring seeding purposes.

It has been found that Manitoba wheat in France germinates quicker, comes out stronger and ripens earlier than any other kind, and that consequently the farmer gets an earlier and better crop than by using other wheat seed.

Manitoba wheat seed has actually produced crops in France that could be garnered in three months after seeding.

It is certain that a great demand for Manitoba wheat for seeding purposes in southern France can be expected, as the recommendation of the French regional farming syndicates, which are entirely officered by competent, practical, scientific and well-to-do landowners and wealthy agriculturalists, are already acted upon by that keen and money-making class, the French farmer.

If the farmers of the Beauce district, which is the largest wheat producing region in France, follow, as is likely, the example of their more southern brethren, hundreds of thousands of bushels of Manitoba wheat will soon find their way to France for spring seeding purposes.

Life in the Navy

"And what do you sailors do?" asked a visitor on one of our battleships.

"Well," responded the jolly tar, "we does what we please until we are told to do something else, and the yeoman does that something else pretty darn quick."

"There's a big difference between a battleship and a marine."

"Yes; but the latter is willing to sink the difference."

TEETHING TIME A TIME OF WORRY

When baby is teething is a time of worry to most mothers. Baby's little gums become swollen and tender; he becomes cross; does not sleep well; is greatly troubled with constipation; colic or diarrhœa and sometimes even convulsions seize him. During this period nothing can equal the use of Bab's Comfort Tablets. They regulate the bowels and stomach and make the teething so easy that the mother scarcely realizes baby is getting his teeth. Concerning the Tablets Mrs. Arthur Archibald, New Town, N. S., writes:—"I used Baby's Own Tablets when baby was getting his teeth and I found them an excellent medicine." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Just for Fun

"Bliggins says a man ought to attend to his own business."

"Yes. But he thinks it's his business to show everybody else how to attend to his business."

Worms feed upon the vitality of children and undermine their health, a simple and effective cure is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

The War Toll of the Blood

Some Peerage in Danger of Extinction Through Losses in War

Close upon 120 sons of peers have so far fallen in the campaign, and of this number no fewer than 62 were heirs to titles. In some cases a peer has lost more than one succession, Lord de Blaquiere being the latest to suffer this double bereavement, which has also fallen upon Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal and Campbell has lost son and eldest grandson.

In a number of cases the war has resulted in peerages being in danger of extinction through the death in action of the only heirs. Unless action is taken in the form of new creations, with special remainders, the marquisate of Lincolnshire and the baronies of Knaresborough, Flayfair, Ribblesdale, Rosmead, Stanfordham, St. Davids, and de Blaquiere are likely to lapse.

In addition, 16 holders of peerages, have given their lives for the Empire there being no heirs in two cases, those of Lord Kesteven and Lord Llangattock.

One of the saddest losses in the peerage was the death in Germany of Viscount Creighton shortly before his father, the Earl of Erne, died in the United Kingdom, leaving a seven-year-old boy to inherit the honors.

"Is it true, Mr. Wanders, that you were once captured by cannibals?"

"Yes, my dear young lady. I was on the hill of fare for a wedding banquet."

"Mercy! How did you escape?"

"Oh, the girl broke the engagement."

A CLEAN HARNESS wears longest

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

does more than make your harness clean. It revives the leather. This oil restores the pores, makes the leather softer, blacker, tougher. Try it on any black leather.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited

Branches Throughout Canada

Titles in Canada

Out of Harmony With the Spirit of the Country

The whole business of bestowing titles in this country is open to the objection that such things are out of harmony with the spirit of the country. And besides, these honors and decorations, when they are not entirely meaningless, are misleading. They are said to come from the Sovereign, the fountain of honor, and are paraded before the public as the Sovereign's recognition of public service of great value. The truth is, of course, that the Sovereign has probably never even heard of the names of many of the candidates until the list has been presented to him, and that often enough the titles are rewards of a kind of service which could not safely be mentioned in public. Occasionally men who have become eminent in science, art, literature, politics or other fields of endeavor are selected for distinction, and if titles were restricted to such the there would be little objection, but the value of titles as bestowed is utterly destroyed by the bestowal of other titles for no public service that can be recognized and no service at all that can be mentioned.—The Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

Keeping Back the Tide

The general council of the bar association of England has passed a motion declaring against the admission of women to the practice of law. These learned gentlemen ought to remember the famous story of Mrs. Partington, who sought to keep back the Atlantic tide with her broom.—Vancouver Sun.

"I've had a bit of luck. I picked up $100 day before yesterday, and learning this morning that it belonged to that old miser Marx, I returned it to him."

"I see; and he gave you a reward."

"Oh, no; but he didn't charge me any interest for the two days I had it."

Serious, Indeed

"Now, my girl, don't rush hastily into marriage. Marriage is a serious matter."

"I get you, grandma. It's no joke to go after a divorce and have to spend six months getting a residence in some far-away town."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Native—No doubt in case of war we shall throw in our lot with Britain and France, and the alliance will be offensive.

Hyphenite—It will be to me.

The Suitor—What will your father settle on the man who marries you?

The Girl—All the rest of the family, I suppose.

Rheumatism attacks the "outside" man. Pains and sores stiffen his joints and muscles and reduces his efficiency.

At the first twinge get Sloan's Liniment, easy to apply, it *penetrates without rubbing* and soothes the soreness.

After that long drive or tedious walk in the cold rain apply Sloan's Liniment to those stiff fingers, aching wrists and arms.

For gout, neuralgia, toothache, bruises, sprains, cold feet, it is promptly effective.

All all druggists, 25c. 50c. and $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

TOMATOES

A special purchase of 25 Cases of Libbys Tomatoes

We offer them at **22½c.** per can

While they last.

A Something to Interest You

A 25 lbs. Box of finest quality PEACHES for

3.25

Buy Crisco ! Price Advancing.

SEE THESE NEW DRESSES THEY ARE EXTRA VALUES

Dresses of fine all Wool Poplin—very stylish lines, gracefully pleated, fancy tab pockets, in Taupe, Myrtle, Navy. **$15.00**

Dresses of Silk Messaline—full pleated styles with belt and yoke. Colors—Copen, Brown and Navy **$15.00**

Ladies Dress Skirts—A new assortment for Easter Selling. In fancy tweeds, checks, plaids and stripes, Neat tailored styles and thoroughly shrunk. **$4.50** to **$9.00**

Beautiful Waists For Easter

Dainty Lingerie Waists of Sheer Voiles, fancy cuffs, large collars and beautifully finished with laces and embroideries—**$1.50** to **$4.75.**

Charming Models in Silk Crepe de Chine, large collars, novelty cuffs, lace trimmings, colors, — Peach, Maize, Ivory, Flesh, Navy. **$3.90** to **$7.75**

Beautiful Waists in Candy Stripe Voile, with large collars and and belts. Colors Delf, Helio and Pink. Only **$2.90**

Novelty Suit of Wool Poplin, in Aviato Blue, white silk poplin collar, semi-fitting back with pleated skirt; lined with best quality satin. **$30.00.**

ASK TO SEE OUR NAVY SERGE SUITS AT $20.00

We have made a special effort to provide a Suit at $20 that will give entire satisfaction, both as to wear and color.

We Will be Pleased to Show Them

PENMANS MEDIUM WEIGHT UNDERWEAR FOR MEN

1.50 and **1.75** per Garment

Large New Shipment of Men's and Boys' Leather Gloves and Gauntlets of every variety,

$1.00 to **$2.00**

Cotton Gloves, 10c. pair.
With cuff - - 15c. pair.

RUBBER BOOTS

For Children, Boys, and Men

2.50 to **4.75**

THE 161 CONGRATULATED

Eighty boys of the 161 took part in a raid of the Hun trenches a few weeks ago, and made good. They cleaned up the Boches in good shape, and left over fifty of the barbarians dead in their trenches. Brigadier-General Mackenzie, acknowledges their good work in the following letter to Col. Kirkaldy, their commanding officer:

My Dear Kirkaldy:—

I wish to congratulate you and your Battalion on the successful raid carried out today. Will you convey my thanks to the officers, non-comissioned officers and men who took part and did so splendidly. They are a credit to the brigade, to the Canadian corps and the country they came from. Canada has a reason to be proud of them. From the point of view of killing the Boches, our real objective, this is undoubtedly the most successful raid we have had in this brigade. With a little more luck we would have had greater success still, a smaller cost. Our losses are most regrettable, but when you consider that probably fifty Germans were killed, it is plain that your effort was most successful.

(Sgd) J. H. MacBRIEN

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE ITEMS

The regular meeting of the women's institute will be held in the Rest Room on Saturday, 31, at the usual hour. A report of the Convention in Calgary will be given, and important business will be transacted. All members please be present. Visitors are always welcome.

The Institute will hold their annual tea on Saturday, April 7, This tea should be a greater success than even last years.

The last event of the season, to be given in the near future, will be a social at the home of Mrs. T. F. Roberts. There will be dancing, cards and other amusements for the less frivolous. Tags will be sold, and the proceeds will be donated to the St. John's Ambulance. The date will be announced later.

The Women's Institute wish to thank Mr. Boode and Mr. Shobe for the sum of $20.00.

WEDDING

On Thursday, March 1st, at St. George's Church, Chorely, Lancs, England, Miss Kathleen Cuff was married to Mr. C. Robin White, of Lacombe, Alberta. The bridegroom has joined the Canadian contingent. He is the only son of Robert White, a Freeman of the City of London England and a past Master in one of the Ancient guilds. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. de C. Cuff, Chorley, Lancs., England. A few months she designed and executed an allegorical painting to be used as a Roll of Honor, and presented it to the town. Miss C. Hebbert was the bridesmaid, and Lieut. G. Clayton, was groomsman. The ven. Archdeacon Allen, M. A., rector of Chorely, assisted by the Rev G. Northridge, M. A. Rector of St. George's, officiated.

In using Sherwin-Williams paints and varnishes, you have the best that a manufacturer with long experience, coupled with a reputation to maintain, can produce. We have it in all colors. Morrison & Johnston.

THE PRINCESS PATS

It is announced that the Princess Patricias Regiment is officially declared as belonging to the Ottawa-Kingston military district. That appears about the coolest bit of man stealing put over yet. Hitherto Alberta battalions have been broken up to supply men to fill the slackers gaps in units claimed by towns scattered all the way from one ocean to the other, and drafts have been taken from Alberta to enable Ottawa and Kingston to have the credit of being represented by units overseas. But this seems to be the first instance in which a battalion has been stolen intact, and put to the credit of a district having no shadow of a claim to it. It is more notable that the battalion in question has been longer at the front than any other Canadian unit, has suffered more, and has come to be the most widely known for its exploits. Montreal supplied the Colonel and Western Canada the men for the original Princess Pats; Alberta contributing more men than any other province. Reinforcements have been recruited among students at universities from McGill westward to Alberta, to which Ottawa university and Queen's University at Kingston may have contributed contingents but not disproportionately large ones. On the face of it therefore, if this regiment is to be allocated to any particular district Alberta has by all odds the rightful claim, and of all possible competitors the Ottawa-Kingston district has just about the least pretence of a claim. The only pretext offered for associating the names of the regiment and that of the Ottawa-Kingston military district is that the battalion was held at Ottawa for a while for preliminary training and was there presented with the colors it has carried through so many bloody encounters. And that seems in fact to be about all the relationship the Ottawa-Kingston district had to the creation of this famous battalion—a fact which it would be more to the credit of that district to conceal than to advertise. It would in some ways be fit and proper to give the Princess Patricias a standing which would not associate it with any particular locality but would recognise the fact that it was and is, and was and is supposed to be a unit composed of men gathered from all parts of the Dominion. But if departmental reasons make it necessary to assign the battalion to some district it should certainly be assigned to Alberta, and never under any circumstances to the Ottawa-Kingston district. Very considerately, the Department provides that while the battalion shall hereafter be known as an Ottawa battalion, "reinforcements will not however come exclusively from Ottawa." That is a fortunate provision. Otherwise the Princess Patricias would soon cease to be a battalion.

EUREKA VALLEY PATRIOTIC FUND

Acknowledged	$126.00
W. F. McKenzie	5.00
M. Boomer	1.00
C. L. Blondheim	1.00
Lee Madox	5.00
J. C. Davis	10.00
J. Munce	5.00
J. Lembeiz	1.00

FOR SALE

I have for sale a quantity of Brome Grass Seed. Price 10c. per pound. Apply S. H. Farewell, Blackfalds. Phone R 116.

TO RENT

Three quarter sections of land ten miles North-West of Lacombe has 75 acres under cultivation; one quarter upland prairie hay; some timothy hay and pasture; fairly good houses two barns; well house and other buildings. Free open range. An ideal farm for stock. Inquire of W. R. Winslow, Lacombe. F21-tfc

FOR SALE

Marquis Seed Wheat grown 1916, weighs 64 lb. to the bushel. Price per bushel, $1.65. G. P. Burns, Blackfalds.

FOR SALE OR RENT

Good quarter section, 2 miles from school and Post Office. 50 acres under cultivation. E. B. Bradbury, Lacombe.

FOR SALE

One good Grade Bull. Apply A. Gilmour, Lacombe.

FARM FOR RENT

Quarter Section 6 miles from Lacombe; 40 acres in crop last year; good pasture, with house, stable and granary. Inquire R. Shilleto, Lacombe.

BREAKING TO LET

I want 200 acres broken on Sec. 36, 7 miles south east of Lacombe. Inquire R. Shilleto Lacombe.

BULL WANTED

I want to buy a grade shorthorn bull coming two years. Must be a good animal. I also have for sale 1 good milch cow. John Atsinger, Blackfalds. Phone 1503. M14-3p.

WANTED—DEHORNING TO DO.

C. N. Ditzler, Phone Clive 804. Now is the time to have dehorning done. Dehorned animals are better feeders and require only ½ the shelter space of horned animals. M14-3p

FOR SALE

Scotch Milling oats, test 94 per cent., price 75 cts. per bushel.

Pure Bred Barred Rock Cockerels $2.00 each.

R. L. Tracy Lacombe.
Phone 916, P. O. Box 300.

SEED GRAIN FOR SALE

I have a quantity of Silver Mine Seed Oats for sale; govt. test 94; 55c. per bushel cleaned. Screened Barley Seed; govt. test. 94. $1.00 per bushel. Seed Potatoes (Irish Cobbler). Apply H. F. Flewelling, Lacombe. F 14 tfc

SEED FOR SALE

Seed oats and Barley, crop of 1915, for sale, either for cash or on time with good chattle security. Apply T. A. Iddings, Rimbey, Alta. M21-3p.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

House and two lots in Mission City B. C. Will trade for Lacombe property or live stock. For full particulars apply C. W. Braithwaite, R. 1, Lacombe.

TEACHER WANTED

Lady teacher wanted for Calkin's School; duties to commence at once; 2nd class certificate. Apply stating salary required to W. H. Lohman, Sec.-Treas., Lockhart, or phone 411 Bentley.

SEED OATS FOR SALE

Abundance seed oats, test 91 took first prize at seed fair at Lacombe the last two years; score card for 1916 over 94½. Apply H. C. Jones, Lacombe, Phone 1709. M14-tfc.

NOTICE

Take Notice that a special Meeting of the Shareholders of Lacombe & Blindman Valley Electric Railway Company, will be held at the Head Offices of the Company, in the Offices of Messrs. MacDonald & McBride, Solicitors, Lacombe, Alberta, on Monday, 30th of April, 1917, at 4.30 o'clock afternoon, for the following purposes, namely;

(1) To authorize any modification of any contracts relative or incidental to the construction of the Company's line of railway, or, to enter into new contracts in addition to or substitution for said existing contracts already entered into by the company.

(2) To waive the Statutory notice required to be given to respect of all Meetings of the Shareholders heretofore held and to adopt and ratify all proceedings at such meetings had and taken.

(3) To authorize the issue of five (5) per cent bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the Company, to the extent of Fourteen Thousand and 00.100 ($14,000.00) Dollars per mile of the mileage of the Company's line and branches thereof, and to secure such securities by the issue of a Mortgage Trust Deed to Trustee, and in a form to be approved of, by the Directors, and being the Mortgage or charge upon the Company's line etc., contemplated in the legislation aforementioned, such securities to be guaranteed by the Government of the Province of Alberta, provided that simultaneously with the issue of such securities the first Mortgage Debenture Bonds issued by the Company to the extent of Seven Thousand and 00.100 ($7,000.00) per mile of the aforesaid mileage, making a total amount of Two Hundred and Seventy-three Thousand Seven Hundred and 00.100 ($273,700.00) Dollars, guaranteed by the Province of Alberta, under the provisions of the Light Railways Assistance Act of the said Province, shall be redeemed, exchanged or otherwise retired as provided for by the provisions of a Trust Debenture, dated March 18th, 1914, made between the Company, Canada Trust Company as Trustee therein mentioned, and His Majesty the King, representing said Province of Alberta, and provided that upon such redemption, exchange or retirement as aforesaid, the said Trust Indenture, dated March 18 th, 1914, above referred to, shall cease, determine and be wholly void, all as may be provided and authorized by and under the terms of legislation of the Province, of Alberta.

(4) To authorise the borrowing of money on Promissory Note or otherwise, and for that purpose to hypothecate or pledge the bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other securities to be issued and guaranteed as in the immediately preceding paragraph hereof mentioned, or other assets of the Company.

(5) To enter into any necessary contract or contracts with the Government of Alberta, regarding the line of Railway.

(6) For such other purposes, incidental to or in harmony with the heretofore mentioned purposes, and for carrying on of the affairs and undertakings of the Company as shall be found to be necessary or adviseable.

J. Boyd McBride
Secretary.

JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM PROPERTY.

Pursuant to judgment and final order for sale, made in a certain action, S. C. 11438, in the Supreme Court of Alberta, judicial District of Calgary, there will be offered for sale at public auction, by Clarence F. Damron, Auctioneer, at the Post Office in the Town of Lacombe, Alberta, on Saturday, the 14th day of April, 1917, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands and premises, namely:

The South-East Quarter of Section 22, Township 39, Range 26, West of the 4th meridian, containing by admeasurement 160 acres more or less, reserving unto His Majesty, his successors and assigns, all mines and minerals, also reserving thereout the Public Road containing 2 acres, crossing the same. AND the South-West Quarter of Section 22, Township 39, Range 26, West of the 4th meridian, containing by admeasurement 160 acres more or less, excepting 1½ acres, more or less, as described in Duplicate Certificate of Title 91 T 1 and 2 acres more or less for a Roadway as described in Certificate of Title 138 V 1, reserving unto His Majesty, his successors and assigns, all mines and minerals.

The Plaintiff is informed that the said lands are situated 9 miles from the Town of Lacombe and 1½ miles from Prentis Siding; that the land is composed of heavy black loam with clay subsoil; that 100 acres of said land are broken and under cultivation. 125 acres additional are arable, 50 acres are good wild hay land and the balance is pasture land; that there are two wells on the premises and the pasture land is watered by a flowing stream; that there is a school on the said premises and that the following buildings are situated thereon—Log and frame dwelling, frame granery, log stable and frame ice house.

The Purchaser is at the time of the sale to pay down a deposit of 15 p.c. of the purchase price to the plaintiff or its solicitors, and the remainder of the purchase price is to be paid to the Clerk of this Honourable Court at the City of Calgary, as follows:—10 p.c. within 90 days of the date of the sale without interest, the balance payable in three equal installments of one two and three years after the date of the sale with interest at 6 p.c. per annum from date of sale, or, at the option of the purchaser the whole may be paid within 60 days after date of the sale without interest.

Upon payment of the said deposit of 15 p.c. the purchaser shall have immediate possession and upon payment of the purchase price shall be entitled to a transfer or vesting Order. In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale shall be the standing conditions of the Supreme Court of Alberta. Further particulars will be made known on date of sale and can be obtained upon application to the undersigned Solicitors.

Dated at Calgary, Alberta this 14th day of March, 1916.

Clarke, Carson, Macleod & Co.
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.
Approved—L. F. Clarry, M.C.
File 12323—PAC.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Near Sylvan Lake Alberta.

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar, and by virtue of the powers of sale provided by The Land Titles Act under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale, there will be offered for sale, by public auction at the Village of Bentley in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 31st day of March, 1917, at the hour of 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:—

The Northeast quarter of Section six, Township Forty, Range One, West of the Fifth Meridian, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, excepting mines and minerals.

Terms of Sale to be twenty per cent. cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances save taxes for the current year.

The Vendor is informed that the above property is situated about eight miles from the Station of Sylvan Lake, and that twenty acres of the property is good arable land, sixty acres of pasture land, forty acres of scrub land and forty acres of slough. The property is all fenced and is situated in a settlement of English-speaking people, two and one half miles from a school. There is a log house on the property. There was no cultivation on the property last year.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Griesbach, O'Connor & Company, Solicitors, Edmonton.

Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 1st day of February 1917.

GRIESBACH, O'CONNOR & COMPANY,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved: W. Forbes,
Acting Deputy Registrar.
(J. 17-3c)

Hembury & Co.

First Door north of Empress Hotel

Karn Morris Pianos.
Karn Organs, all styles.
Singer sewing machines.
Standard Rotary Sewing Machines.
Viking separators, five different sizes.
Mosler safes.
Cabinet Phonographs.
Phone 42 P.O. drawer 'C'

FOR SALE

480 breeding Ewes. Apply A. Gilmour, Lacombe.